



MULTIFOREST

Instruction Manual and Maintenance Directions

FORESTRY TRAILER MF120-S, MF1602, MF1802



Important!
Read the Instruction Manual
thoroughly before use



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SAFETY SYMBOLS

NB! You will find this general warning symbol throughout this Instruction Manual to make you aware of safety instructions concerning yourself, your employees and other persons coming into contact with the machine. Neglecting these instructions may lead to serious injury and even death.

This symbol has the following meaning:



**WARNING!
LOOK OUT!
YOU ARE IN DANGER!**

Warning Labels

Be aware of the warning text **WARNING!** and **NOTE!** (NOTE!) in safety texts. These words have been chosen based on the following guidelines:



Warning!

Warns of dangerous situations which, unless avoided, could lead to serious injury or even death. This also includes dangers that can occur when protective equipment and/or protective screens are removed. Warning labels can also be used to warn of hazardous use.



NB!

Highlight risky situations where slight or minor injuries can result if they are not avoided. Used also to warn of machine damage that can arise if the directions are not followed.

Dear customer,

Thank you for choosing a Multiforest product and we hope you will be pleased.

Reading this manual and following its recommendations will ensure you get the longest possible service life and an efficient use of the machine.

We have produced this manual to give you a good overview of how the machine works and what safety and maintenance directions that must be followed when working with it.

If any questions should arise in its use or when reading this manual, you are always welcome to contact us.

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Dear Dealer,

For the warranty to come into force and all legal requirements to be met, we would like you to complete the warranty certificate together with the customer and register at trejon.se

The warranty will come into force on the same day as the machine is transferred to the customer.



Delivery inspection checklist:

Check for any transport damage. Report to carriers	
Inspect the tool thoroughly before use and make sure all packaging has been removed. Dispose of all packing materials in an environmentally responsible manner.	
Check that all deliveries are complete in accordance with the machine order/packing note.	
Check that the PTO shaft is supplied and has the correct length (if applicable)	
Gear PTO-Pump correct assembly - Refer to section 5.1	
Make sure the machine has been lubricated as described under "Service and Maintenance"	
Check tyre pressure. Refer to section 4.5	
Check the tightening of the wheel nuts, these shall also be re-tightened by the user after the first hours of operation. Refer to section 4.5	
Check tightening of the bolted joints between the trolley and the crane turret (M24 – 1050Nm) (if applicable)	
Give instructions concerning the correct PTO speed (in options for trolley or with own hydraulics). Refer to section 5.2	
With the assistance of the Instruction Manual, run through and explain commissioning, use and maintenance of the machine with accessories for the customer.	
Carry out a function check.	
Instruction Manual handed over to customer.	
Complete the warranty certificate together with the customer and register on trejon.se	

Enter the serial number of the machine in the field on the right	S/N:
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1 Introduction

1.1 Getting Started

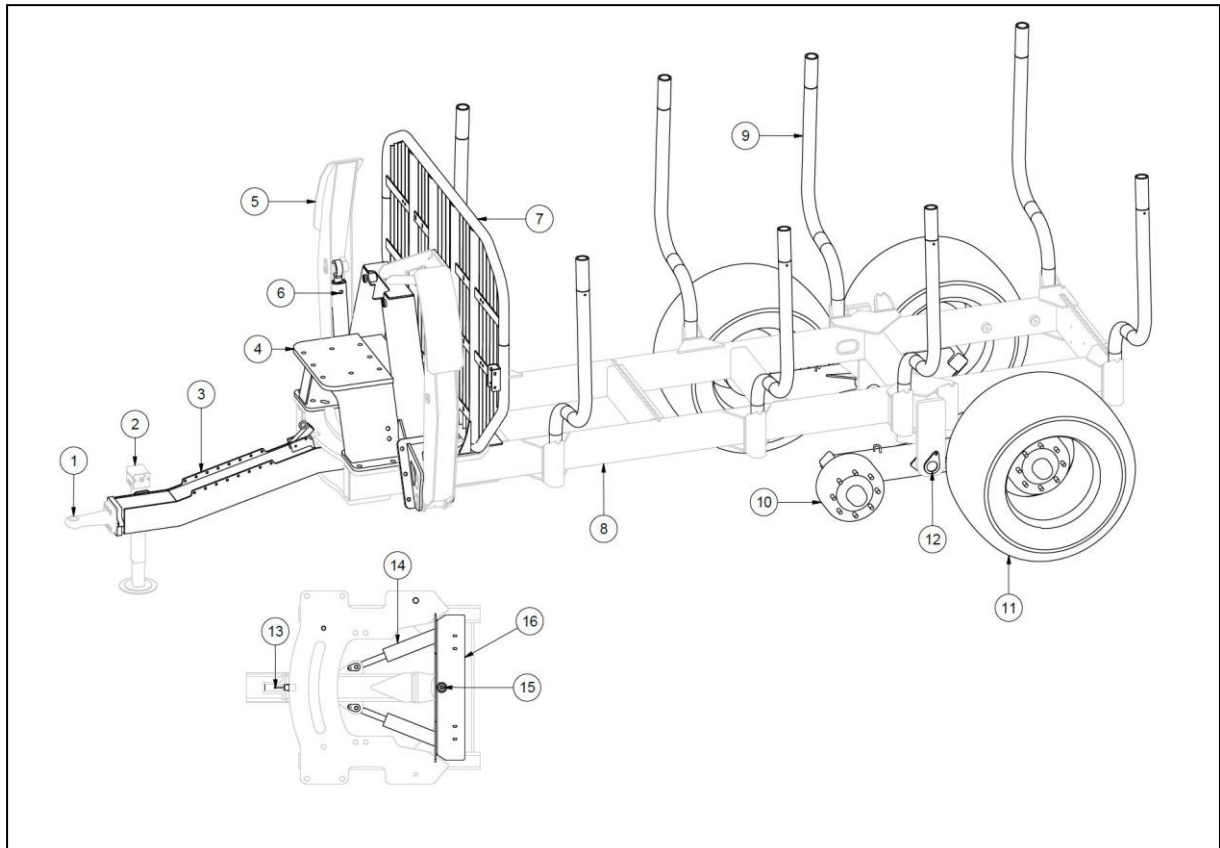
Thank you for choosing this MULTIFOREST forestry trailer. We have concentrated on making a powerful and good machine that will serve you for many years. As the service life of the machine does not wholly depend on us, but also you, the user, we have compiled an instruction manual in which we describe its correct care and use. So, read through these directions thoroughly. Always get in touch with the dealership where you bought your machine when ordering spares or other service. The dealer is your natural service partner. When ordering spares, always specify the correct model, type and serial number found on the name plate on the chassis.

1.2 Description

The MULTIFOREST Forestry Trailers are a series of well-built forestry trailers in the MULTIFOREST family. Together with the MULTIFOREST cranes, it forms an easy-to-drive and versatile forestry equipment for use with your tractor. The double-framed trailers are available in sizes from 12-18 tons total weight. Due to the programme's range there are models to suit everything from medium-sized to older tractors, to new large traction vehicles. The comprehensive standard equipment includes, among other things, a safety gate, frame steering and hydraulic outriggers. The accessories include; Hydraulic Hub Control, oil tank, oil cooler, own hydraulic system (PTO), crossover props, traffic lighting and more. Always check the current range of accessories on Trejon's website www.trejon.se or www.trejon.se/enu

The machine is designed to be connected to the tractor's towing device. The trailer's hydraulic functions are operated by the tractor's existing hydraulic system or the external power-take-off (PTO) hydraulic system with oil tank. The brakes are connected to the tractor's brake socket or to the tractor's single-acting socket (max. 150 bar).

1.3 Detailed Description



1. Towing eye	9. Struts
2. Parking support	10. Bogie cradle
3. Towbar	11. Wheel
4. A-Frame with crane pallet	12. Bogie axle
5. Outriggers - carriage	13. Lock - Towbar
6. Cylinder - outriggers - carriage	14. Cylinder-Frame Steering
7. Gate	15. Frame steering axle
8. Mainframe with bogie	16. Cover

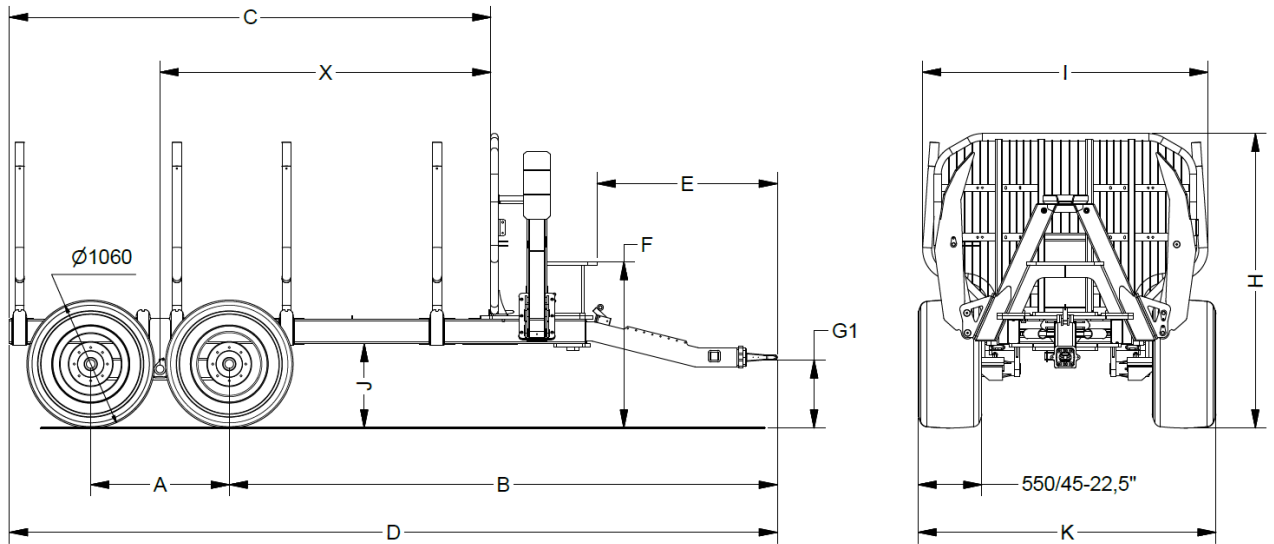
1.4 Technical Data

Model	MF120-S	MF1602	MF1802
Total weight, tonnes	15	16	18
Loading area, m ²	3.0	3.0	3.4
Frame, type	Double	Double	Double
Frame, mm	2x 200x100x8	2x 200x100x8	2x 200x100x8
Brakes	●	●	●
Struts (pair)	4	4	4
HOLDERS for struts (pair)	5	5	5
Hydraulic outriggers Telescopic / Carriage	— / ○	— / ○	— / ○
Trailer control	Framework	Framework	Framework
Frame Steering – angle	±20°	±20°	±20°
Frame Steering - cylinders	2	2	2
Bogie deflection	±15°	±15°	±15°
Sliding bogie	—	—	—
Axles	90x90	90x90	90x90
Standard wheels	550/45-22.5 TRAC	400/60-22.5 TRAC	400/60-22.5 TRAC
Weight (basic design), kg	2980	2950	3020

Due to a policy of continuous development, the technical data specified in our document is not binding and may be changed without prior notice. Information specified in the table above may also show equipment that is not standard. The equipment level may vary depending on user country.

● : Standard ○ : Option — : Missing

Dimensions



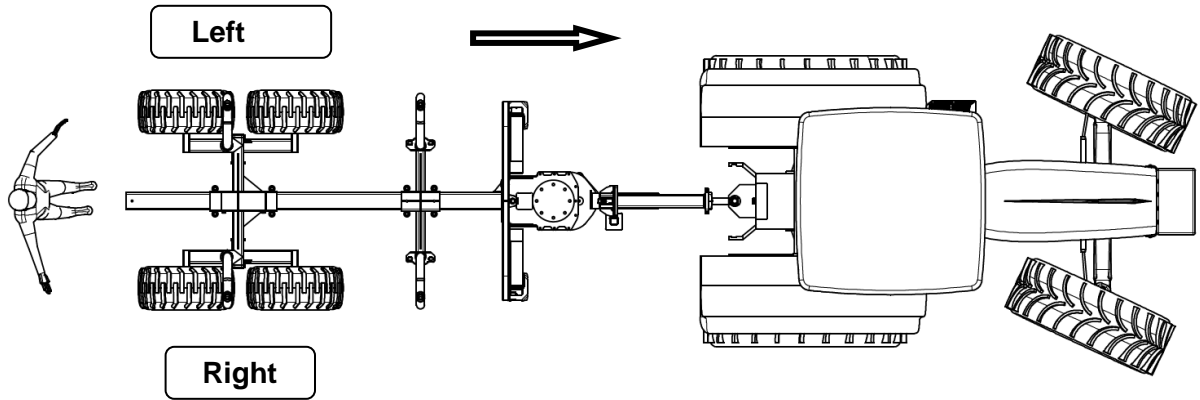
Model	A	R	C	D	E	F*	G1*	H*	I	J*	K*	X
MF120-S	1150	4550	4000	6380	1500	1380	560	2450	2370	700	2495	2750
MF1602	1150	4550	4000	6380	1500	1380	560	2450	2370	700	2495	2750
MF1802	1150	4550	4000	6380	1500	1380	560	2650	2370	700	2495	2750

* These dimensions depend on the wheel size

All measurements are stated in mm for trailers with 550/45-22.5" wheels.

1.5 Right and Left Hand

In this Instruction Manual, the terms right and left hand apply as looking toward the rear of the tractor, i.e. as seen from behind in the direction of travel of the machine.



2 Safety Instructions



2.1 Safety Regulations

Read the manual. All machine operators should read and understand the entire contents of this manual and the safety regulations so there is no uncertainty as to the use of the machine/tool before it is taken into service. Get in touch with your dealer if you have any questions. Use of the machine is strictly forbidden if the operator is not aware of the risks involved in conjunction with the use of the machine and cannot act correctly if a risk situation should arise.

Read, observe and understand the meaning of all safety, operating, warning and positioning decals on the machine and in the manual.

Actions may occur when using this equipment that cannot be prevented in its design or with the use of mechanical protection.

Unfortunately, human carelessness may cancel the function of our integrated safety features. Accordingly, the prevention of accidents and operating safety features are dependent on the responsible use of the equipment and its integrated safety features. Only trained personnel should use this equipment.

The machine is intended for outdoor use only.

Operation. Learn and practise the machine's working methods and controls before it is used.

Coupling the Machine. Connect the trailer in the correct manner and keep away from the area between the tractor and the machine when coupling. Use the adjustable parking support – refer to section 3.6.

Make sure that the trailer is properly assembled, adjusted and in serviceable condition.

Safe Work Area. Keep unauthorized persons, especially children, away from the working zone of the machine or when it is being repaired.

The Machine's Safety Equipment. The machine may only be used if all the manufacturer's original safety equipment for moving mechanisms are positioned correctly and in working order. Ensure all safety and operating decals are in good order and affixed in the correct manner and replace them if necessary. Write the model and serial number when ordering.

Moving Parts. Keep arms, legs and other body parts as well as clothing away from any moving parts of the machine. Do not wear loose fitting clothes.

Leave the machine to work on its own and do not insert hands or fingers in an attempt to give assistance.

Power Take-Off (PTO) shaft. When changing tractors, always check the length of the power take-off shaft. If too long, it may damage both tractor and machine. Refer also to the wiring diagram supplied with the PTO shaft.

The use of incorrect power take-off shafts that do not meet with specifications is strictly forbidden.

Ensure power take-off guards are correctly mounted and in good order and firmly fixed to the tractor. The use of damaged or defective power take-off guards is strictly forbidden

Purchase a new power take-off guard if the old one is defective.

Lifting and lowering of the machine.

Be careful when lifting and lowering the machine/machine part.

Stability. The machine must not be operated with a tractor that does not have sufficient weight over the front/rear axle so that control and tractor stability is affected. At least 20% of the tractor weight shall rest on the front axle to ensure tractor steering and braking ability.

Mount ballast weights if necessary, see tractor instruction manual.

When working with the grapple loader first load the smallest and closest logs so that the trailer attains good stability before starting to load the heaviest logs.

Operating the Machine. Take great care when working on uneven ground conditions, close to ditches and fences, look out for hidden dangers and adapt your working rate.

Great care should be observed when working on steep slopes:

Try to drive in the same direction as the incline and not across it.

Avoid fast starts and heavy braking when driving the machine up and down inclines.

If it is absolutely necessary to drive across steep inclines then reduce your speed and watch out for unevenness, avoid sudden turns and be aware of the shift in centre of gravity that occurs when lifting mounted tools.

Hold onto the steering wheel tightly if the tractor should overturn.

Operating at Night. The work area must be illuminated when working in the dark.

Driver. Operators who are tired, intoxicated, drugged or under the influence in any other way so that they cannot control their movements must not use the machine.

The machine may only be operated by one person sitting in the tractor, no passengers are allowed.

It is forbidden for people without a tractor driving licence to use the machine.

Personal Protective Equipment. Protective equipment such as helmets, protective goggles, protective shoes and gloves are recommended for personnel during assembly, operation, adjustment and maintenance. Keep the tractor door and windows closed when working in dusty conditions.

Protective Cab. The machine should only be driven by a tractor equipped with an approved protective cab. Keep doors and windows close while working.

All moving parts, including engine, must be stationary and the handbrake applied before the tractor driver leaves the cab. The rear window and the rear side windows of the cab must be made of safety glass or be equipped with protective bars when working with a grapple loader. When travelling on ice-covered water the roof hatch must be kept open.

Maintenance. Inspect, adjust and maintain the machine according to the directions.

Regular Inspection. Inspect the entire machine regularly. Locate any loose, worn and damaged components and leaks.

Safety During Maintenance and Service. The machine must be standing on firm, even ground for maintenance and adjustment.

The tractor engine must be shut off, all moving parts stationary, the machine lowered to the ground and the handbrake applied during all cleaning, inspection, adjustment, maintenance and repair.

Clean the machine thoroughly before repair and storage.

Bearing and hydraulic components should not be cleaned with high-pressure jets.

If high pressure is used for general cleaning, it may damage the paint.

After cleaning, the machine must be lubricated according to the lubrication schedule and a short test run carried out.

Vibration. If any vibration should occur in the machine, it must be shut down immediately and the cause located. Change any damaged parts.

Electric Main Switch. Stop the machine immediately if it should hit an obstruction. Shut off the engine, remove the key, check for and repair any damage before recommencing work. Make yourself aware of how emergency stops work on the tractor and the tool, and be prepared of how they work in an emergency situation.

Hydraulic Hoses. Hydraulic hoses on the machine contain oil at very high pressure. Do not touch hoses and hydraulic components if the system is pressurised. In case of leaks, oil at high pressure may penetrate the skin and cause serious injury. In case of an accident take immediate contact with a doctor.

Check the condition of hydraulic hoses with respect to damage. Chafed and leaking hoses should be replaced immediately with new that meet the manufacturer's technical requirements.

When changing tractor, always check the length of hoses. Hoses that are too long or too short may be damaged.

The use of incorrect hydraulic hoses that do not meet with specifications is strictly forbidden. Hydraulic motors and hoses can get extremely hot while in operation with risk for burn injuries. Do not loosen hoses while the oil is hot, wait for it to cool down.

Hydraulic hose life can be difficult to determine, we therefore recommend that all hoses are replaced after 5 years.

Welding. Protect bearings, hydraulics and electronic components if welding is being carried out. Before welding commences, electronic components must be disconnected, and the welder's ground clamp placed as close to the welding site as possible.

Fire Risk. If overheating of machine parts should occur, the cause must be located, and the machine shut down. Forest residue is very flammable, remove wood remains and dirty oil. Keeping a fire extinguisher nearby is recommended. Smoking in the vicinity of the machine is forbidden.

Electrical Lines. Take great care when working close to electrical lines, maintain a safe distance with good margin.

If an accident should occur and the crane comes into contact with live lines.

- Keep calm, act rationally so as not to worsen the situation and do not touch any metal parts.
- Warn people in the vicinity and make sure they stay outside the risk zone.

Spare Parts. Use only original spare parts on the machine.



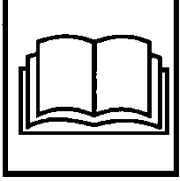
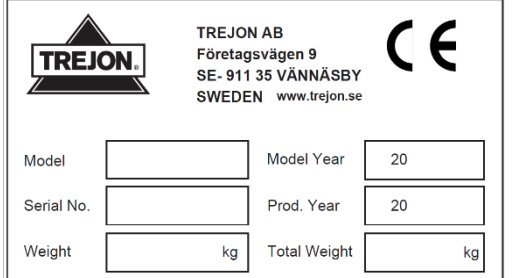
If you should have any questions concerning the machine or its function, please get in touch with your dealer or Trejon AB

2.2 Safety symbols

All warning decals must be clean and legible.

Lost or damaged decals must be replaced. Order new decals from your dealer.

The symbol on the right shows the following:

	<p>Warning! Study the instruction manual carefully before use, so that the user knows the machine well.</p>	 
	<p>Machine name plate with CE marking. This includes the machine's serial number, weight, total weight, year of manufacture and model number.</p>	

3 Using the Machine

3.1 Goods receipt of the trailer

**NOTE!**

Ensure no-one is inside the risk area when lifting.

Take care with straps and wires when they are removed as they are tensioned very hard. They can also be very sharp.

3.2 Coupling the machine to the tractor

**Warning!**

Crush risk. Do not stand between machine and tractor when coupling. Always apply the brake on the tractor when leaving the cab during all coupling and uncoupling.

The machine may only be coupled to a tractor with sufficient weight over the front and rear axles respectively so that steering and brakes function when the machine is coupled. Use ballast weights as necessary, see the tractor's instruction manual.

Use only the original PTO supplied with the machine. Carefully read the instructions provided with the PTO shaft. The instructions contained in this manual do not replace the information in the manufacturer's manual.

**NOTE!**

Check the speed and direction of rotation of the tractor's PTO so that it corresponds to that specified on the machine.

If the hydraulic hoses are not connected to the tractor in the prescribed order (return hose with female plugs IN first, and OUT last) then there is a risk of damage to the seals in the valve package.

Max. 150 bar. If a higher brake hydraulic pressure is used, damage to the braking system can occur.

- The machine must be coupled on an even and flat surface.
- Stop the tractor and apply the parking brake on.
- The trailer must be connected to a tractor with lockable hitch.

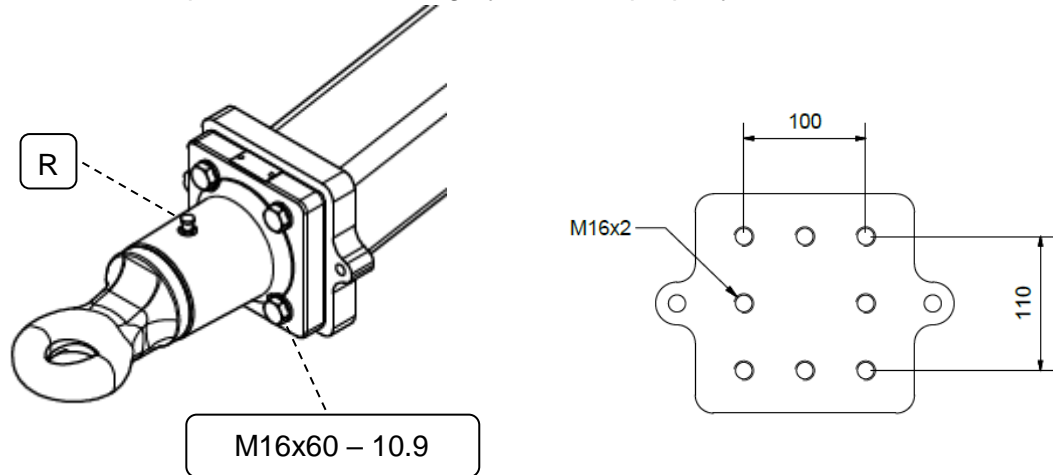
- Always connect the hydraulic package's **return hose** first (female) to an unpressurised return outlet and then the delivery hose (male) to the hydraulic system's pressure outlet (that must be depressurised during connection). Uncouple in reverse order, i.e. first uncouple the **pressure hose** (male) and then the return hose (female). Ensure the couplings are cleaned well before connecting.
- The forestry trailers come with service brakes fitted as standard. Connection of hydraulic brakes according to section 4.7.1. Connection of pneumatic brakes according to section 4.7.2. The brakes shall be checked and maintained according to the instructions in the maintenance section.
- Adjust the PTO shaft to the correct length. Pull the shaft apart and fasten each part to the machine and tractor. Make sure that the shaft does not bottom out in the shortest position (at least 30mm play) and that the shaft halves' overlap is large enough (at least 300mm) if not, cut the shaft. Refer to the instructions supplied with the shaft. Strive to achieve the greatest possible overlap.
(alternatively for axes shorter than 1000mm, half of the maximum overlap)
- Lubricate and mount the PTO shaft. Make sure the locking pins on the shaft lock properly. Fasten the protection tubes of the PTO shaft with the chains so that they do not rotate.
- Connect the power supply to the traffic lights to the 7-pole socket on the rear of the tractor. The operating voltage is 12 V.
- Make sure that the machine moves freely from the tractor in all possible work situations.

3.3 Before starting the machine

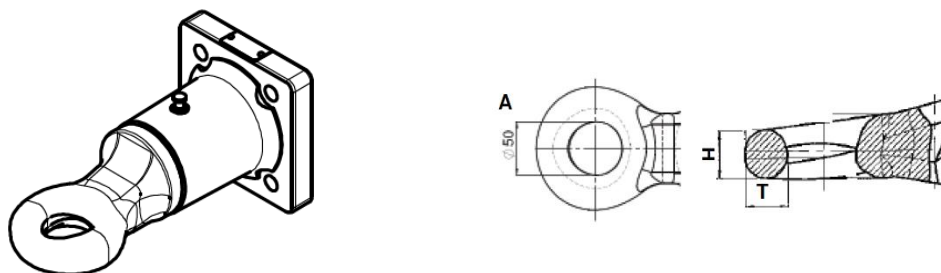
Before using the machine, check the following items on the machine:

- All screws and nuts must be tight (check and retighten screws and nuts after the first 4 hours of operation and then after every 40 hours). Including wheel nuts. For correct torque settings refer to the tables in section 4.1, 4.2 and 4.5.
- Ensure all guards are in place.
- Lubricate the machine (see also "Service and Maintenance").
- Tyre wear
- Air pressure in tyres (refer Technical Data section 4.5).
- Check the lighting and signal lamps (brake and blinkers)
- Check the function of the braking system.

- Check the fastening and lubrication of the towing eye.
On many models, a towbar with bolted eyes are used. Trejon uses hole pattern DIN 100x110 with 8 threaded (M16) holes – refer to the picture below. It is important to check this screw connection when changing or during use. Check the torque table in the maintenance section. Towing eyes are equipped with lubrication nipples (B). Lubricate the towing eye regularly – refer to the table in section 4.2. Lubrication is important for the towing eye to work properly and reduces wear on it.



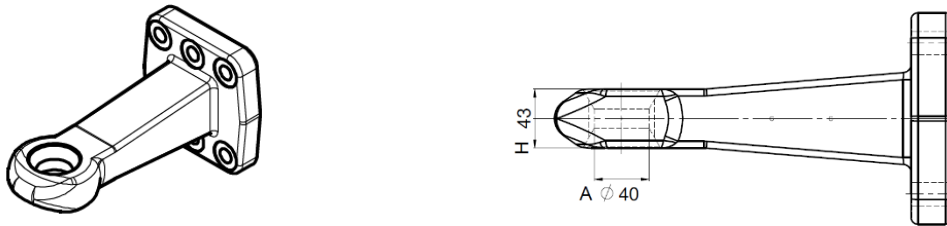
- Check the wear of the towing eye. If damage to the towing eye has been caused, the towbar must be replaced immediately. It is necessary for the towing eye to be checked for defects and wear-measurements prior to every use of the trailer. Checking is the responsibility of the user.
- Towing eye Hitch D50 (Scandinavian) – Trejon art.no. 400398.



Dimensions	Description	Nominal dimensions [mm]	Wear measurements [mm]
A	Inner diameter of eye	ø50	ø52.5
H	eye height	35	32.5
T	eye thickness	32	29.5

Change the towing eye immediately if any of the above nominal dimensions reaches the wear dimension limit.

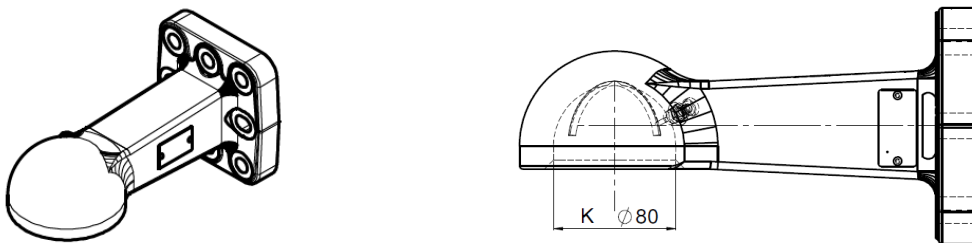
- Towing eye DIN D40 – Trejon art.no. 400399



Dimensions	Description	Nominal dimensions [mm]	Wear measurements [mm]
A	Inner diameter of eye	Ø40	Ø41.5
H	eye height	43	35

Change the towing eye immediately if any of the above nominal dimensions reaches the wear dimension limit.

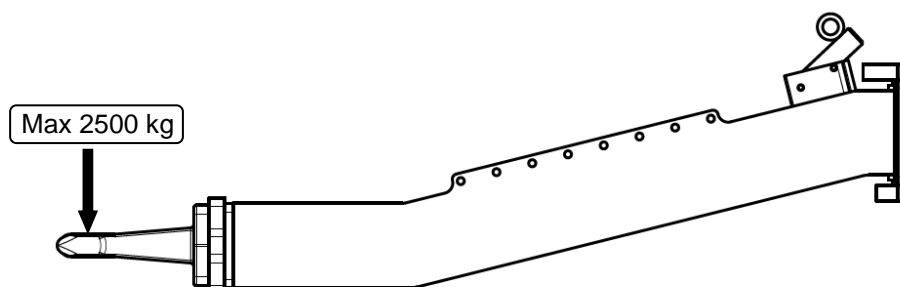
- Towing eye K80 – Trejon art.no. 400400



Dimensions	Description	Nominal dimensions [mm]	Wear measurements [mm]
C	Inner diameter of eye	Ø80	Ø82

Change the towing eye immediately if the K nominal dimensions reach the wear dimension limit.

- Maximum load of towbar for speeds ≤ 40 km/h for MF120-S; MF1602; MF1802



NOTE!
It is important not to vertically overload the towing eye on the drawbar. It is the driver who is responsible for checking that this is adhered to.

3.4 Operating the machine



Warning!

No person or animal is allowed to stay closer than 25m from the machine when it is in operation.

The machine must NOT be cleaned while in operation.



NOTE!

A doubling of the work rate means the tool is exerted to 4x the stress. Do not operate the machine faster than is necessary.

Retighten all bolts after the first 4 hours of operation, including wheel bolts.

If the trailer is overloaded, the product warranty is invalidated (refer to total weight on the type plate for each model)

Use the tractor's parking brake when loading.

Stability test

Information concerning the performance of your tractor and its compatibility with trailer and crane is available from your dealer. The table below taken from sales information shows what crane and trailer combinations are recommended:

Rec. crane for forestry trailer	MF120-S	MF1602	MF1802
V6100	X		
V6600	X		
P6200	X		
V8400	X	X	X
V9000	X	X	X

A stability test must be performed to ensure the trailer, crane and basic vehicle are compatible and that it is safe to work with the crane with respect to its performance properties. The stability test also gives the user a chance to get acquainted with the limits of the combination. The basic vehicle, crane and trailer combination is stable when a lift can be performed of a weight corresponding to the maximum load plus 10 % without any of the trailer supports lifting from the ground. Lateral stability can be increased by widening the track width and/or increasing the weight of the rear axle, e.g. with wheel weights.

Example:

The normal condition of the basic vehicle during the test is unladen with a 5° incline in the direction of fall. The surface must be able to bear the wheel weight or greater loads originating from another support point.

The test is performed at maximum range with 10 % overload. The test is performed under normal conditions but requires special attention. The 5° incline of the basic vehicle can be attained by adding a lifting component to one of the rear wheels (when mounting the crane on the tractor's three-point hitch) or the trailer's wheel when mounting on a trailer. The height can be calculated in the following way:

h = necessary height of lifting component

z = basic vehicle width, wheel centre to wheel centre of vehicle.

$$h = 0.087 \times z$$

Example:

$z = 120$ cm

$h = 0.087 \times 120$ cm = 15 cm

The specified equations and calculation examples in this Instruction Manual are based on the SFS 4677 standard.

**Warning!**

If the stability test indicates the vehicle combination cannot be classed as stable, great care must be observed, especially while working with the crane on an empty trailer.

- When driving on public roads, the traffic regulations in the country concerned apply. The traffic directives and the regulations of the country concerned must be complied with. **The vehicle owner is responsible for ensuring that the vehicle is in a condition that meets the directives.**
- Ensure that the machine is in a safe condition, especially as regards the working condition of the braking system, fully functional lighting along with the required marking (including LGF-plate) and air pressure in the tyres.
- Working lights must be switched off while driving on the road. The working light must be used so that it cannot dazzle other road users.
- **Allowed values for the total weight must be followed! – Refer to the type plate of the trailer.**
- The driving, steering and braking properties differ depending on whether the trailer is loaded or not. The driver must act according to changing driving properties.
- The centre of gravity of the trailer moves upwards due to the weight of the load, resulting in a greater tipping risk, compared with the unladen trailer.
- A laden trailer is significantly more difficult to drive on roads and in terrain than an unladen trailer.
The braking distance is significantly longer, due to greater mass, compared with the unladen trailer.

- Before transport driving, the outriggers must be fully retracted and remain in that position during the entire operating time (optional). When loading, it is recommended that the outriggers be used to provide better stability.
- If the driver cannot see the area behind the vehicle, he/she must ask for instructions from another person when reversing. The assistants must remain within the driver's field of vision and not between the tractor and the machine.
- Transport driving must take into account the overall height of the trailer. Therefore, the height clearance must be strictly observed, e.g. when driving under viaducts, bridges, trees or power lines.

We recommend using only the trailer in a temperature range of -30 °c up to + 40 °c.

Keep in mind that work in both low and high temperatures increases wear and tear and stress on seals and hoses.

The durability of the steel also deteriorates, and cracks can occur. When working in low temperatures, be sure to allow the oil to circulate freely in the system for a few minutes. Then run each function a few times so that the seals and tubing are softened before full pressure is applied. In extremely hot periods, be careful with the oil temperature. Temperatures over 80 degrees destroy oil properties and damage seals and hoses.

Moving the machine from a soft surface

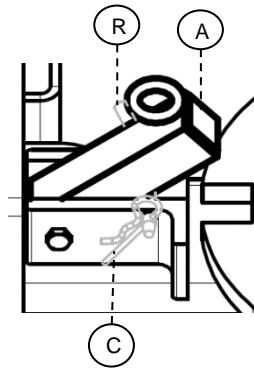
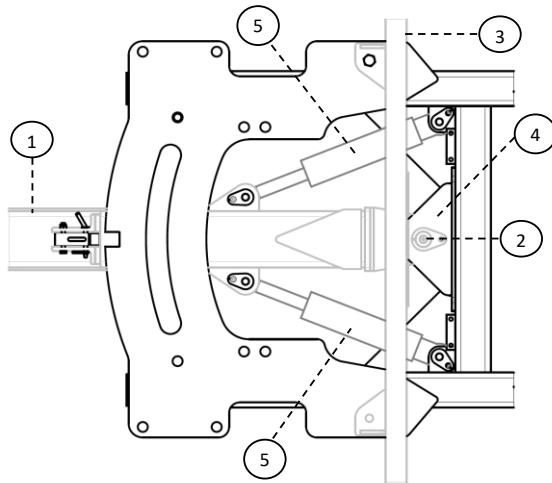
If the trailer is jammed in a soft surface, it can only be pulled out in the direction of travel. The towing eye of the trailer is used as the attachment point.

The machine must not be pulled out from a soft surface in a backwards direction, as the rear and sides of the machine do not have appropriate attachment points

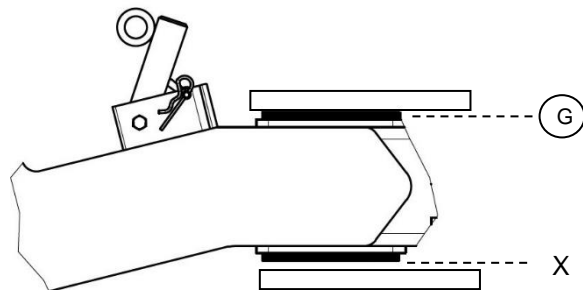
3.5 Frame steering

To provide a further improved adaptation and stability of our forest trailers, all models are equipped with frame steering – (refer to the image below), which means that the towbar (1) is articulated (2) behind the gate (3) in the main frame (4) and hydraulically operated via two hydraulic cylinders (5).

Locking device – (refer to the picture below on the right) for frame steering consists of locking block (A), pin (B) and locking pin (C). When using frame steering unlock the locking block (A) as shown below.



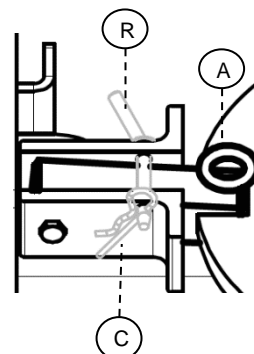
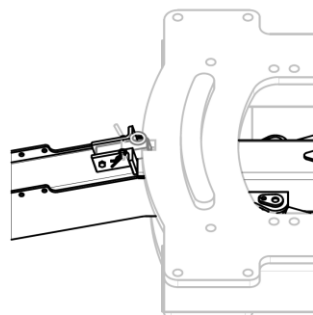
Hydraulic connections to frame steering



Replace the sliding plates (G) when the play (X) between the frame and the towbar is greater than 5 mm.



Warning! During road transport the frame steering must be disabled by the mechanical locking device. Lower the locking block (A) and lock with the pin (B) as shown below.



3.6 Transporting and Uncoupling



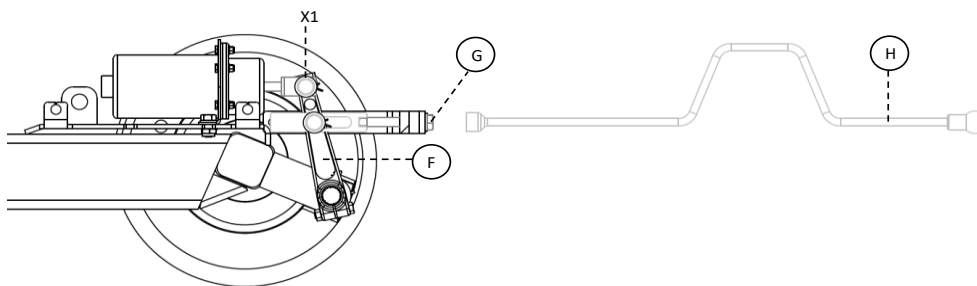
NOTE!

Do not loosen the hydraulic hoses from the tractor before the hydraulic system has been depressurised by, for example, setting the hydraulic lever in the tractor cab in the "float mode" position. Otherwise, it may be difficult to connect the hoses next time due to pressure in the hoses.

Preferably, the machine should be kept under cover. If the machine is to stand outdoors for a period longer than 1 month, the piston rods must, after completion of the work, be cleaned and then greased for protection. All to prevent rust damage.

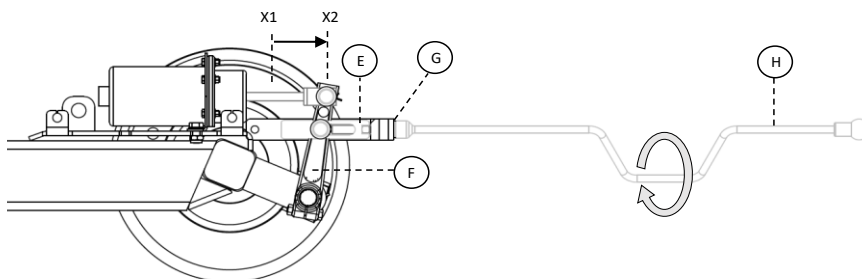
Parking brake

When disconnecting the trailer, start by applying the parking brake.



Activate / apply the parking brake.

Use the supplied crank (H) to activate / apply the parking brake. By placing the crank (H) on the screw (G) (NV19) and then rotating this clockwise, the brake key (F) will be pulled out (from X1 to X2) and the brakes are applied. Rotate the crank (H) using only hand force until it stops.



Free / release the parking brake.

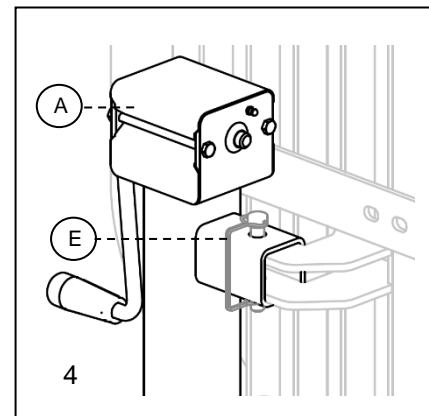
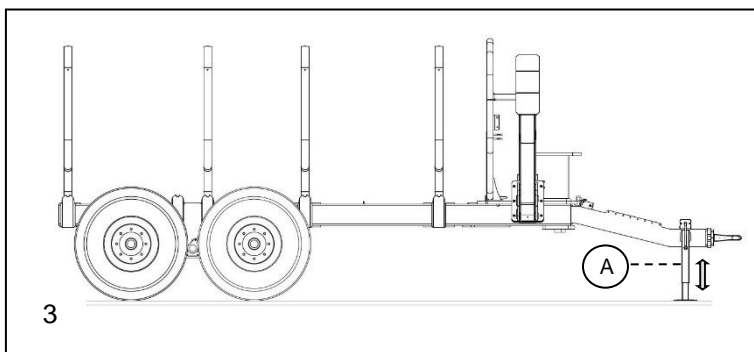
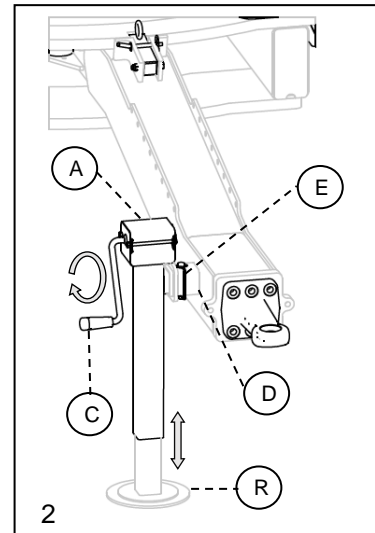
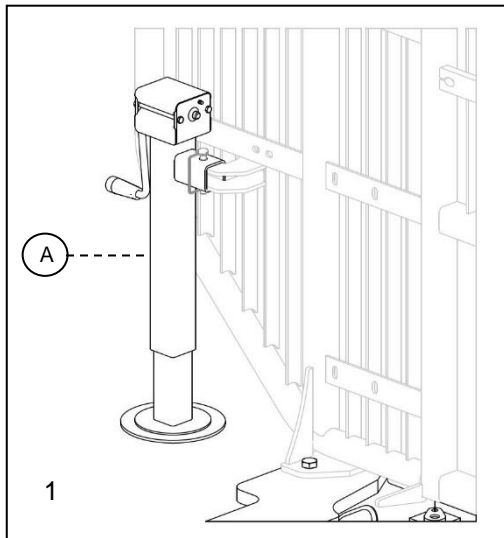
Use the supplied crank (H) to free / release the parking brake. By placing the crank (H) on the screw (G) (NV19) and then rotating this anti-clockwise, the brake key (F) will be pushed in and the brakes are released. Rotate the crank (H) using only hand force until it presses the brake key back to Pos X1.



NOTE! Do not forget to release the parking brake before the machine is used again after disconnection.

Parking support

When shutting-down, the parking support (A) is moved from the safety gate to the mounting point (D) on the towbar (refer Figure 2 below). Fastening is done by inserting the profile in the support over the attachment point and locking it with the pin (E) (refer Figure 2 below). The height of the parking support (A) is adjusted by the crank (C) to the tractor's towing hitch (refer Figure 3 below).



When working and while the trailer is attached to the tractor, the parking support A is attached to the appropriate position on the safety gate (refer to Figure 1 above). The fixation is done with the sprint (E) (refer to Figure 4 above).



NOTE!

Do not forget to release the parking brake before the machine is used again after disconnection.

4 Service and Maintenance



Warning!

When some form of cleaning, maintenance, repair or service is to be carried out on the machine, make sure the machine has been lowered to the ground and the tractor engine turned off. Remove the key from the ignition switch.

Before starting work on the hydraulic system, it must be depressurised! If the machine's hydraulic system is connected to the tractor, the engine of the tractor must be switched off and the tractor's hydraulic system shall be depressurised.

Never rely on the tractor's lifting device, instead support the machine properly on axle stands or the like so that the machine does not fall down. Always use protective equipment such as goggles and gloves when carrying out maintenance.

In order to prevent personal injury, never use your fingers to explore narrow openings.

It is absolutely necessary to renew worn and damaged protective details (e.g. protective guards, shaft guards, etc.) in good time.

Make sure there is nobody in the vicinity that can be injured.

4.1 General

Carefully maintain the machine in order to obtain a cost-efficient operation, long service life and retained machine value. This work must be carried out by an authorised workshop or by persons who have sufficient technical knowledge and experience.

Use only high quality, effective lubricants that are fit for purpose. All work being performed under a raised machine must be done after securing the machine with axle stands. Use only effective hand tools. Keep the machine clean under the chassis for good functionality and to prevent corrosion. Never use high-pressure jets when cleaning bearings, electronics and hydraulic components. After cleaning, lubricate the machine according to the lubrication schedule and test run for a brief period.

Use the table below to see the correct tightening torques for screw unions on the machine.

Table 1 - Tightening torques for screw unions

Diameter	Quality 8.8		Quality 10.9	
	Nm	lb.ft.	Nm	lb.ft.
M8	25	18	35	26
M10	50	37	70	52
M12	90	66	125	92
M14	140	103	200	148
M16	215	155	305	225
M18	295	217	420	309
M20	420	302	590	438
M22	520	380	730	535
M24	670	490	940	690
M30	1350	990	1850	1350

Increase tightening torque by 5 % when a lock nut is used.

4.2 Maintenance Schedule

After the first 4 hours of operation:

- Check and if necessary retighten screw joints on the machine.

After the first 8 hours of operation:

- Perform the 8 hours service and maintenance according to the schedule below.

Service point	Interval	*Action	Lubricant	Remark
PTO universal joints	8th hr	C	Grease NLGI 2	Refer to the PTO shaft instructions
PTO profile joints	8th hr	C	Grease NLGI 2/Oil 10w30	Refer to the PTO shaft instructions
Hydraulic oil tank	First 100h, 500h/1 time per year	R	Refer to sticker on tank	Onboard hydraulic system Refer to section 5.1
Return filter hydraulic tank	During oil change and when the indicator shows > 1.5 bar	R	-	Onboard hydraulic system Refer to section 5.1
Pressure filter, pump	During oil change and when the indicator shows red	R	-	Onboard hydraulic system Refer to section 5.1
PTO-gear hydraulic pump	First 100h, 500h/ 1 time per year	R	ISO VG220 SAE 80W/90	Onboard hydraulic system
Screw unions	40h	C/A		Turret S-line M24 12.9 – 1050Nm
Bogie bearing	40h	C	NLGI 2 grease	Lift one side of the trailer at a time.
Brake arms	100h	C	NLGI 2 grease	-
Wheels/tyres	40h	C		Air pressure, refer to table in section 4.5.
Towing eye	40h	C	Grease NLGI 2	Check wear, replace if necessary.
Towing eye, screw unions	40 h	C		M16 10.9 – 300Nm
Wheel bolts	The first 4h, thereafter every 40h	C		Check the wheel bolts, torque, refer to the table in section 4.1
Wheel bearings	100h	C/A		Refer to section 4.6.3
Wheel bearings, regreasing	500h	C/A/R	Long-term wheel bearing grease	Refer to section 4.6.3
Bearing, frame steering	40h	C	NLGI 2 grease	
Cylinders, frame steering	40h	C	NLGI 2 grease	
Locking device frame steering	40h	C		Bolt and function, refer to section 3,5

*Action codes: A=Adjust, C=Check, Cl=Clean, R=Replace

Use NLGI 2 grease with good quality EP properties and which can withstand low temperatures. Do not use graphite grease on ball bearings. Compressed air driven grease guns must not be used to lubricate sealed bearing as the seal may come loose or be damaged. Clean the grease nipples before applying the grease gun.

These intervals apply to normal operation, continuous operation requires more frequent lubrication. Always lubricate after cleaning with water.

Lubrication instruction

Pump the grease into the bearing until it comes out at the side of the layer, wiping off the excess.

Turn the joint (if possible) 180 degrees, repeat point 1. This ensures a good distribution of the lubricant.

When lubricating the bogie bearing, it must be supported from the ground for grease to end up on both sides of the spigot.

Some known brands of grease that can be used:

Shell	SRS 4000
Esso	Thermo 30150
Statoil	Grease Way CAH92
Hydro Texaco	Hydex EP2

4.3 Before Season Start

All the above points shall be performed. If the machine is serviced well, it will have a considerably longer service life and more carefree use.

4.4 At End of Season

the machine must be thoroughly cleaned and then lubricated and serviced. Replace worn or damaged parts. When dry, we recommend applying a thin coat of oil to places on the machine where the paint has been worn away.

Store the machine in a dry location.

4.5 Wheels and tyres


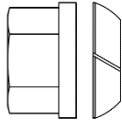
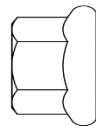
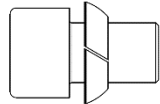
- To ensure the best operational reliability, the machine's wheels and tyres must be checked regularly.
- It should be ensured that all tyres have the correct air pressure. The correct air pressure, intended for specific tyre types/sizes are listed in the table below.

Wheel options

Tyres	Max load Tyres (kg)	Maximum speed (km/h)	Air pressure at max load (bar)
400/60-22.5 PR16	4000	40	3.5
400/60-22.5 PR18	4500	40	4.3
500/45-22.5 PR16	3750	40	3.6
550/45-22.5 PR16	4375	40	2.8
600/40-22.5 PR16*	4500	40	4.3

* This tyre option will increase in overall width over 2.5 m.

- Wheel rims must be checked regularly for any damage. If the condition of tyres or wheels no longer allows full operational reliability, tyres or wheels must be replaced.
- The fastening of the wheels must be checked (refer to section 4.2) and retightened – refer to the table below. If this does not happen, the wheel rims/axles will be damaged, which is not covered by any warranty.

Type							
	Nut with spherical cone		Nut with spherical washer		Nut with flat flange		Screw MC6S with spherical washer
Size	M18x1.5	M20x1.5	M18x1.5	M20x1.5	M18x1.5	M20x1.5	M20x1.5
							BB5 wheel drive
Torque (Nm)	330	490	270	360	260	350	540

- When using tyres other than factory fitted or the factory-offered tyres, the machine's warranty will be void.

Wheel change



NOTE!

If the lifting device sinks into the ground or substrate that cannot bear the weight of the machine, it may pose a danger or risk to humans!

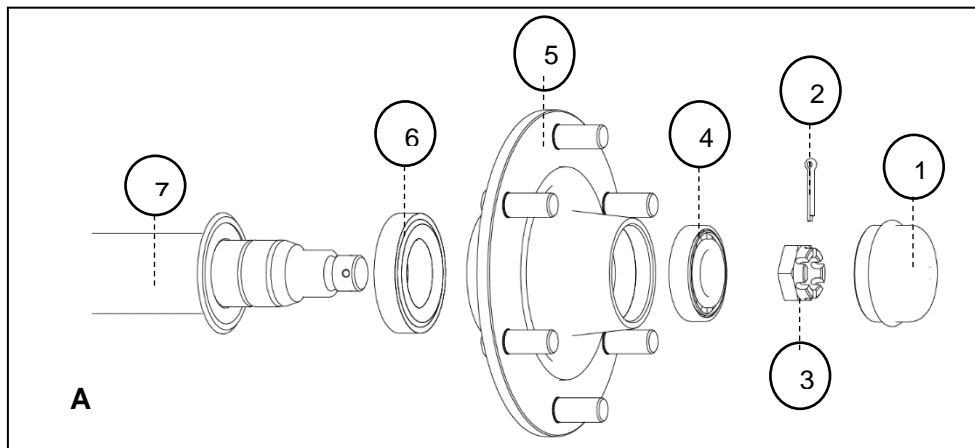
For wheel change, the trailer must be lifted by means of a hydraulic jack at such a height that it is possible to remove the broken wheel from the hub. The hydraulic jack shall be placed beneath the shaft directly behind the broken wheel.

Please note that the machine shall stand on a sufficiently strong surface to bear the actual weight of the axle outside the lifting device.

4.6 Axles

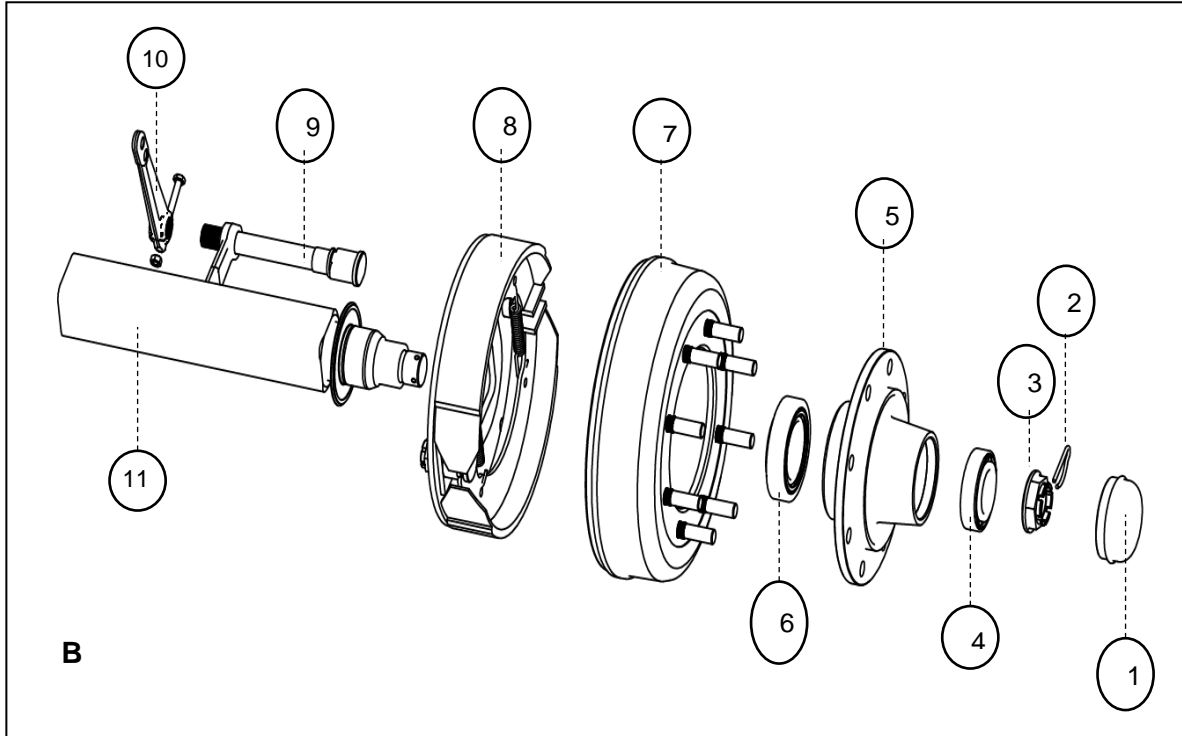
4.6.1 Unbraked axles

The image below (A) shows an exploded view diagram of an unbraked axle. An axle consists of: (1) hub cap, (2) cotter pin, (3) crown nut, (4) outer bearing, (5) hub, (6) inner bearing, (7) axle



4.6.2 Braked axles

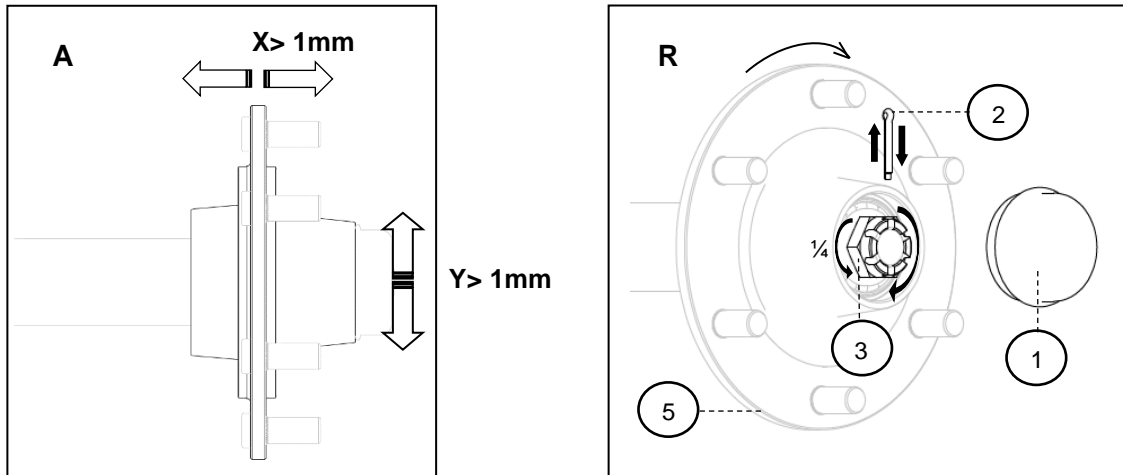
The image below (A) shows an exploded view diagram of a braked axle. An axle consists of: (1) hub cap, (2) cotter pin, (3) crown nut, (4) outer bearing, (5) hub, (6) inner bearing, (7) brake drum, (8) brake shoes, (9) brake axle, (10) brake key, (11) wheel axle



4.6.3 Axles - adjustment and regreasing of wheel bearings

Adjustment of wheel bearings:

When an axial X or radial Y gap arises - image A, the wheel bearings shall be adjusted. Raise the bogie so that the wheels can rotate freely from the ground. Disassemble the hub cap (1) without damaging it, then the cotter pin (2) from the crown nut (3) – image B. Tighten the nut (3) so that the bearing is in contact without any play. Rotate the wheel to re-check the play. Spin the wheel, if it rotates heavily, the crown nut (3) must be loosened so that the hole in the axle matches one of the recesses in the crown nut. Install a new cotter pin (2) and refit the cover (1).



Regreasing wheel bearings:

Raise the bogie so that the wheels can rotate freely. Remove the wheel from the hub. Remove the hub cap (1) and then the cotter pin (2) from the crown nut (3). Remove the crown nut (3) and hub (5) – refer to image A or B above. Use a suitable puller and tap with a hammer lightly on the hub/brake drum to dismount it.

A damaged wheel hub or brake drum is NOT covered by any warranty.

Remove the outer bearing and hub/brake drum from the wheel axle.

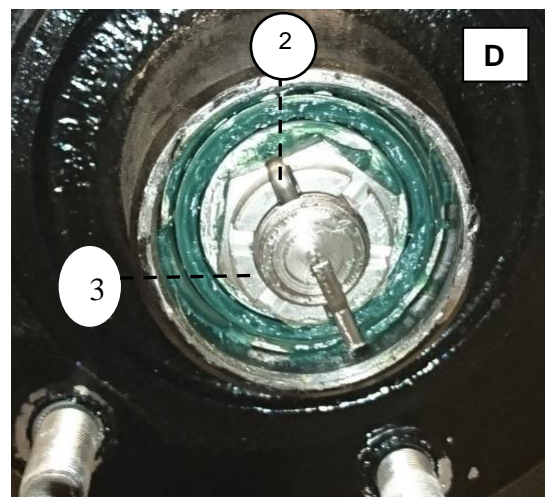
Clean the parts with Brakleen™/brake cleaner or suitable degreasing agent.

Inspect all parts of brakes, hubs, bearings, shafts, etc. with respect to wear, play and cracks etc.

Replace damaged and worn out parts.

Pack grease (NLGI 2 with EP properties NLGI Class 2, lithium based) in the bearings using your fingers while rotating them – image C. Fill grease even behind the bearings in the hub.

Reassemble all parts and adjust the bearings according to the above instructions. Use a new cotter pin (2) to lock the crown nut (3) – image D.



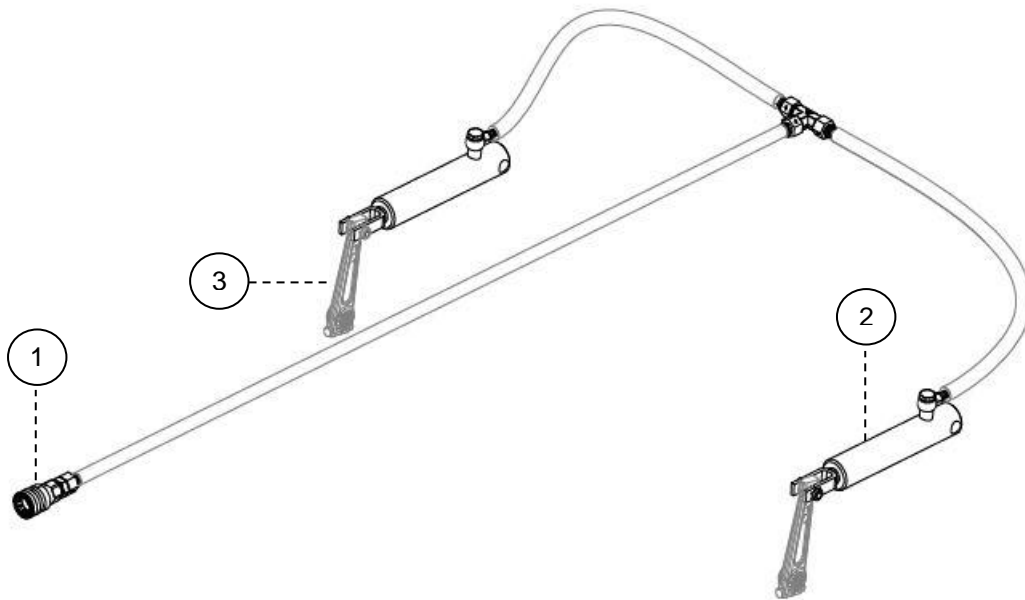
4.7 Braking systems

The trailers can be equipped with different types of braking systems. The following describes the structure and maintenance for each type.

4.7.1 Brakes, hydraulically operated

In hydraulic brakes the wheel brakes are activated by the cylinders which in turn are controlled from the tractor's hydraulic brake socket (ISO-5676).

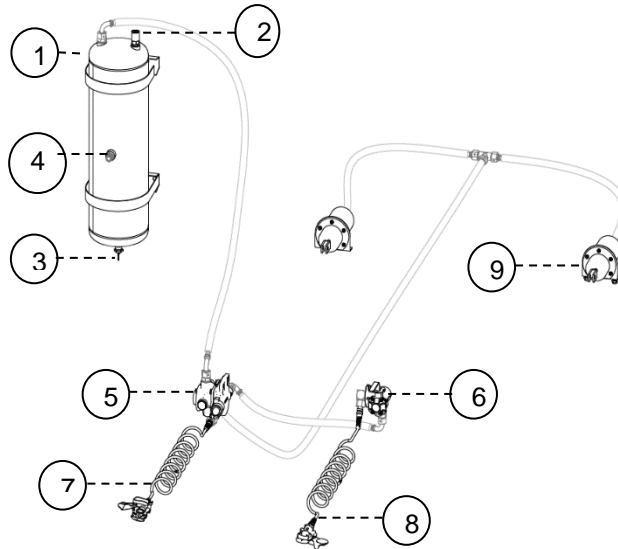
Max pressure hydraulic braking system 150 bar



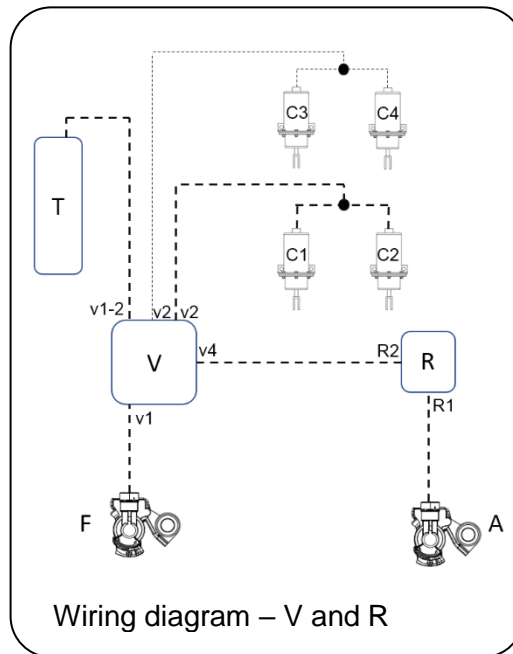
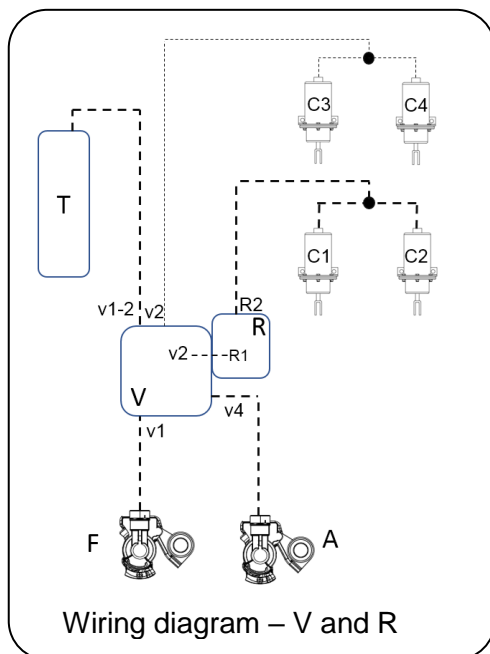
Detailed description
1. Quick coupling compliant with ISO-5676
2. Brake cylinder
3. Brake key

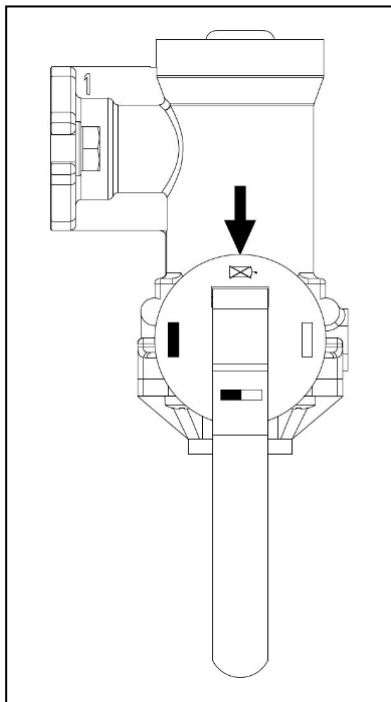
4.7.2 Brakes, compressed-air operated

In this case, the brakes are activated by a double circuit compressed air system. The structure of the compressed air system is shown in the figure below. Max pressure - airbrake system 8 bar



Detailed description	
1. Air tank (T)	6. Braking force regulator (R)
2. Safety valve	7. Compressed air hose – Feeder, Red (F)
3. Drain valve	8. Compressed air hose – Steering, Yellow (A)
4. Testing socket	9. Brake cylinder (C)
5. Brake valve (V)	





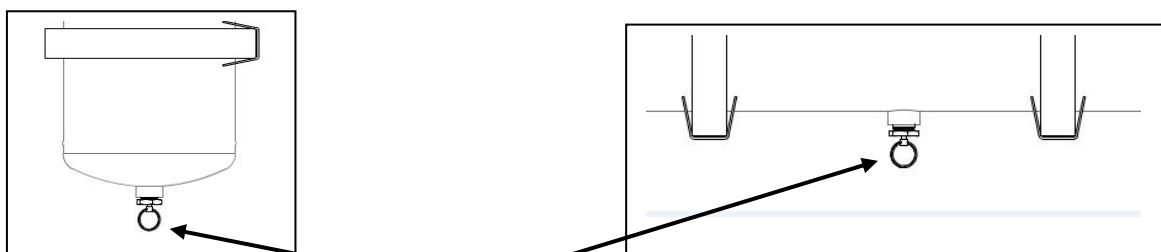
Symbol	Function
	Regulator mode for empty trailer
	Regulator mode for half-loaded trailer
	Regulator mode for full-laden trailer
	Shunting mode that allows the movement of the trailer without the brake hoses being connected to any towing vehicle.

Braking force regulator (R)

In order to obtain optimum braking power, the knob of the braking force regulator should be manually adjusted to the current load on the trailer (refer to the figures above). The regulator also has a shunting mode that allows the movement of the trailer without the brake hoses being connected to any towing vehicle.

Maintenance

- The tightness of the compressed air system, including wiring and connections, is checked daily. Any leakage must be rectified immediately.
- The compressed air tank is drained at least once a week by pulling the drain valve eye (refer to figure below). Even in the case of horizontal mounting of the tank, the drain valve is located at the lowest point of the tank.



Alternative locations for the drain valve depending on mounting position



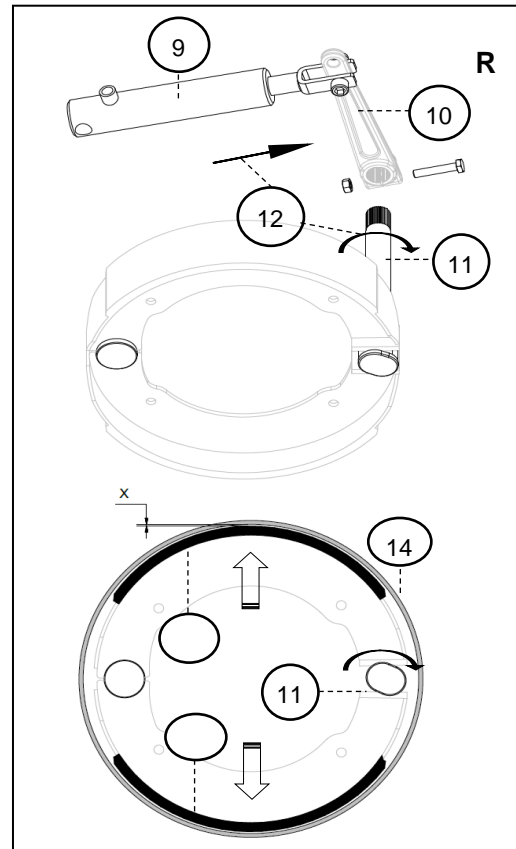
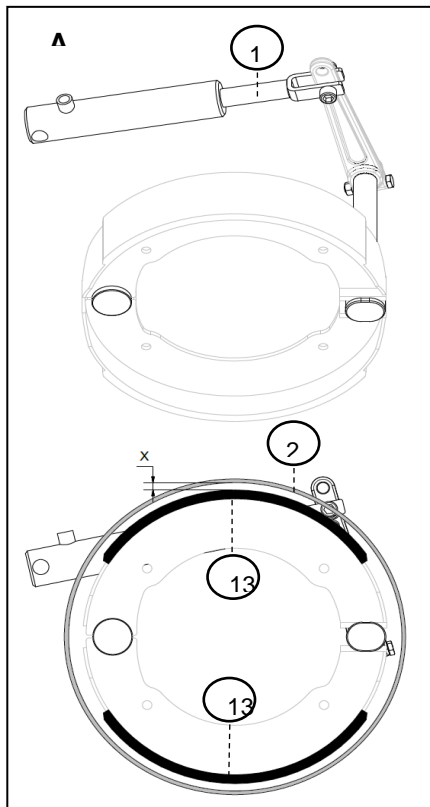
NOTE!

The compressed air system components and wiring are kept clean of oil, grease and other petroleum products. These products shorten the service life of the system

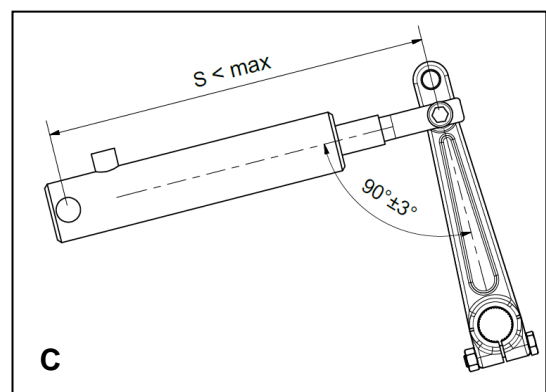
4.7.3 Adjustment and inspection of brakes

If the brake cylinder (1) reaches its end position during braking and the forestry trailer has a poor braking effect i.e. the distance X between the brake drum (2) and the brake shoes (3) is too large, refer to image A, so the brake(s) need to be adjusted:

Raise up the wheels so they rotate freely from the ground. Loosen and disassemble the brake key (10). Turn the brake shaft (11) against a new cog in the brake key (10). The brake shaft (11) shall be rotated in the same direction as the brake cylinder (9) is pushed out (12), this reduces the distance X between the brake shoes (13) and the brake drum (14) – refer to image B. Refit. Check after adjusting that the wheel can rotate freely and that the brake is not applied on the wheel that has been raised.

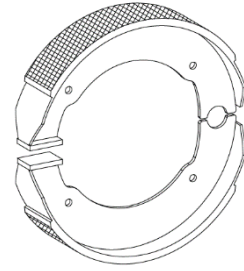


After adjustment, check that the angle between the cylinder and the brake shaft is $90^\circ \pm 3^\circ$ and cylinder is not in the end position ($S < \max$) when the brakes are activated – refer to image C.



**NOTE!**

When the brake shoes are worn out, these must be replaced otherwise the brake drum and hub will be destroyed.

**NOTE!**

When some form of cleaning, maintenance, repair or service is to be carried out on the machine, make sure the machine has been lowered to the ground and the tractor engine turned off. Remove the key from the ignition switch.

In the case of a tractor fault, the tractor must never be towed along with the forestry trailer.

In the case of a tractor fault, the service brake will no longer operate.

In the case of a tractor fault, the tractor must be replaced by a functioning vehicle before the operation can be continued.

4.8 Hydraulic outriggers – carriage.

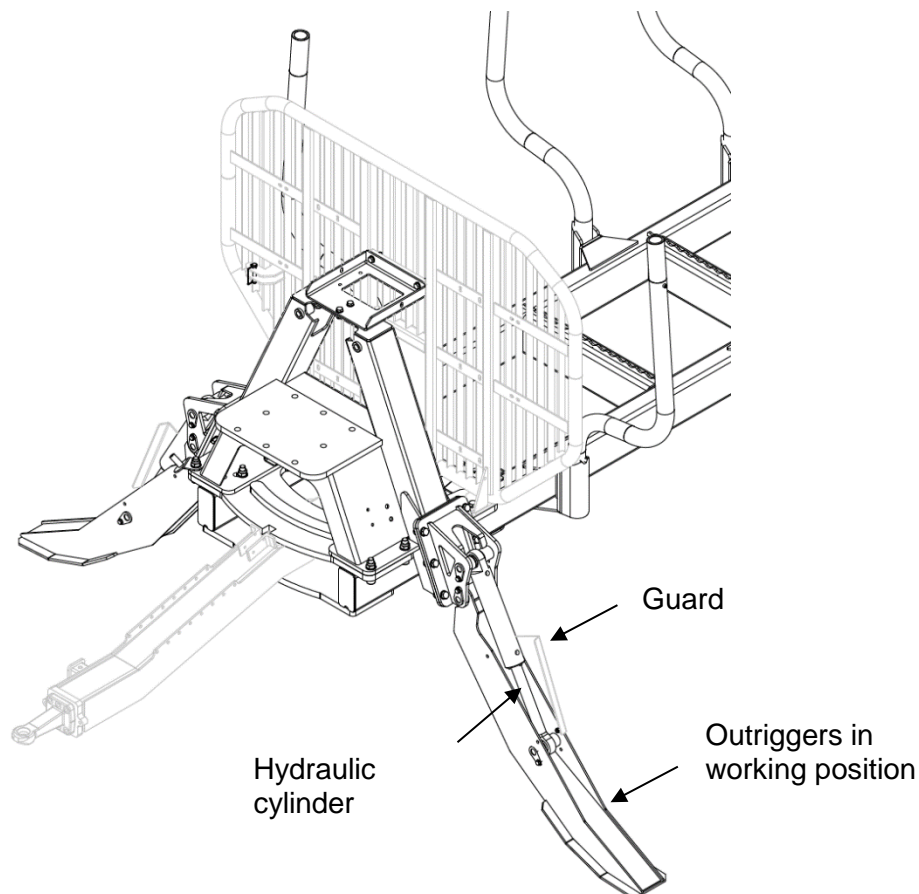
To increase the stability of the trailer, it is fitted with outriggers of the carriage type. The advantage of these outriggers is that the width between the two contact surfaces is large. Even in the retracted position, they will not increase the overall width of the trailer.

The outriggers are operated and controlled via the crane's hydraulics and controls.

The hydraulic cylinders have a guard to minimize the risk of injury when working with the crane. However, these guards are not a 100% guarantee that the cylinders can be damaged if, for example, the grapple and its shanks are hit.

Before the trailer is moved in the forest or during transport, the outriggers must be fully retracted. If this is not done, there is a risk that the outriggers will catch on the ground or foreign objects and be damaged.

Damaged hydraulic cylinders or bent outriggers are NOT covered by any warranty.



5 Accessories

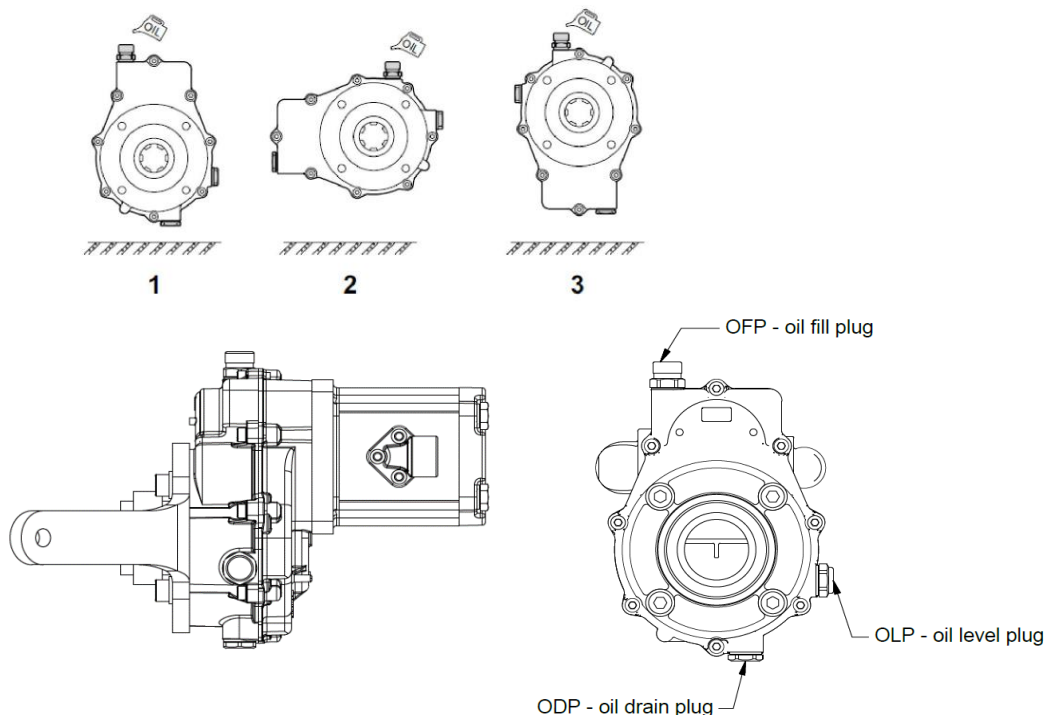
5.1 Own hydraulics

In cases where the towing vehicle (tractor) has a hydraulic system capable of supporting the trailer's functions, the trailers can be equipped with their own hydraulic system. The pump of the trailer's onboard hydraulic system is operated via a gear mounted on the PTO pin of the tractor, or via the PTO shaft to the pump on the trolley towbar. Refer also to section 5.2



This gear is affixed to the tractor so that it is prevented from rotating. The gear is supplied with a universal mount which in some cases must be modified. The bracket is bolted or anchored to, for example, a chain.

In some cases it is necessary to rotate gear with the pump so that it can be mounted to the tractor. If this is the case, the location of the refilling plug and drain plug have to be swapped. Even the level plug/sight glass may be needed to be moved.



The system with its own hydraulics is preferable as the trailer will benefit from both higher traction and speed. Additionally the risk of contaminated oil causing malfunctioning of the valves will be less. This hydraulic system has a pressure filter (HF) before the valve (V) and a return filter (RF) before the oil goes back to the oil tank (OT). **Refer also to the hydraulic diagram under Fig. 1.**

Oil tank

On the oil tank there is a sticker showing the type of oil to be used.



For oil and filter changes refer to section 4.2

When filling the oil, you must clean the surfaces around the filling orifice to prevent dirt and debris from entering the tank.

You should never mix mineral based oils with biological oils. When changing the oil, make sure that the oils are compatible with each other if you are using another brand.

Oil level:

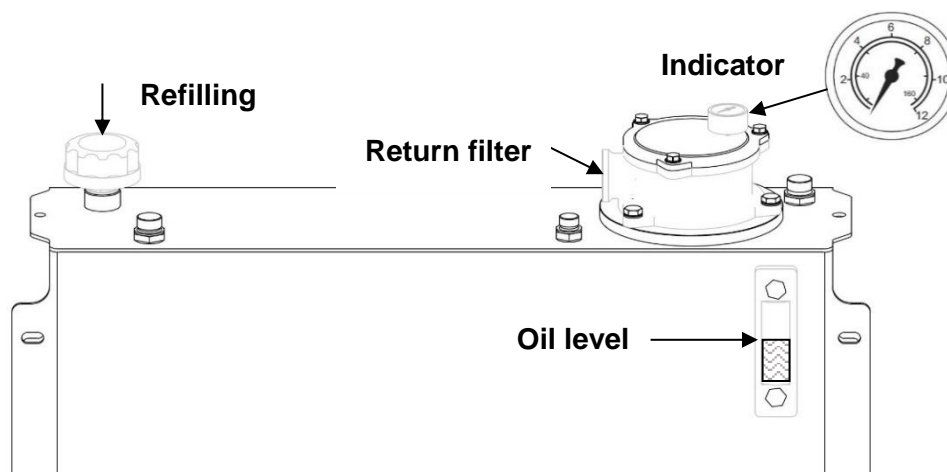
Retract the crane together and place the grapple towards the gate. Now the oil level should be in the middle of the sight glass



Hydraulic filter:

Return filter:

The return filter (RF) has a replaceable insert (Art. No: HR10035) to be replaced during all oil changes or when the indicator shows a maximum of 1.5 Bar

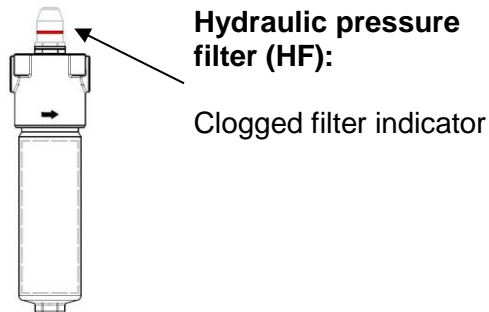


Hydraulic pressure filter:

On trailers equipped with electric hydraulic valves there is a hydraulic pressure filter to protect from dirt damaging these components.

The hydraulic pressure filter (HF) has a replaceable insert to be replaced when the indicator shows red, or at

1 time/year for oil change (Art. No: HR10030)

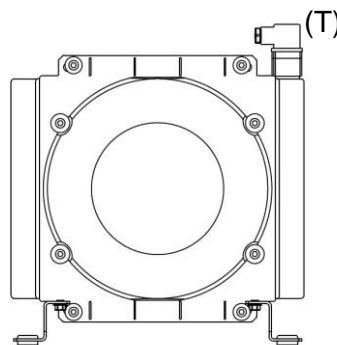


Oil Cooler (OC)

As an option, an electric (12v) oil cooler can also be fitted.

This will cool the oil during operation of the machine or crane.

If you are **NOT** running any hydraulic function, the oil will not flow through the cooler, therefore, the PTO should be turned off if you are not operating the crane or the machine during extended periods of time.



The oil cooler fan will start automatically when the temperature of the thermostat (T) exceeds 52°C and stops when it falls below 42°C.

Ensure the oil cooler is clean of dirt. A clogged oil cooler will not lower the temperature of the system.

Use only low air pressure to clean the radiator. If it is to be cleaned with water, it is recommended to dismantle the fan from the radiator. This is done by loosening 4 screws that hold the fan and pulling apart the electrical connector

5.2 Hub operation

To increase accessibility in difficult conditions, the forestry trailers can be equipped with auxiliary operation. The auxiliary operation consists of hydraulic radial piston motors mounted in the wheel hubs. This type of operation is the most energy-saving solution and provides high torque and high traction.

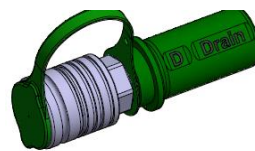
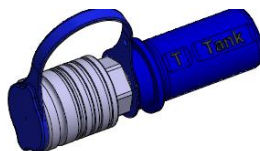
These motors can be operated from the tractor's hydraulic system or via the trailer's onboard hydraulic system. In the latter case, a greater traction is obtained because this hydraulic system works with a higher hydraulic pressure than an agricultural tractor.



NOTE!

When the hub operation is connected and switched on, the tractor must **NOT** be operated at a higher speed than the hub motors can operate the trailer. If this happens, a "snapping" sound comes out of the motors, which is directly harmful to the motors.

Hub operation connected to the tractor's hydraulic system must always be connected/disconnected during any form of movement of the trailer. The free return line and drain line must be connected to the tractor, if this is **NOT** done, the motors will be damaged.



Driving with hub operation

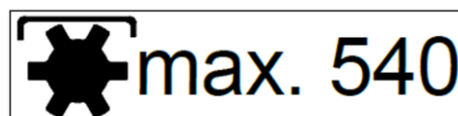
When using these hub motors, no manual switch-on/off is required on the hubs. Hub operation comes in two versions:

1. Tractor delivers oil to the operation

The operation requires a single-acting hydraulic socket, a separate free return from the motors and a separate drain line.

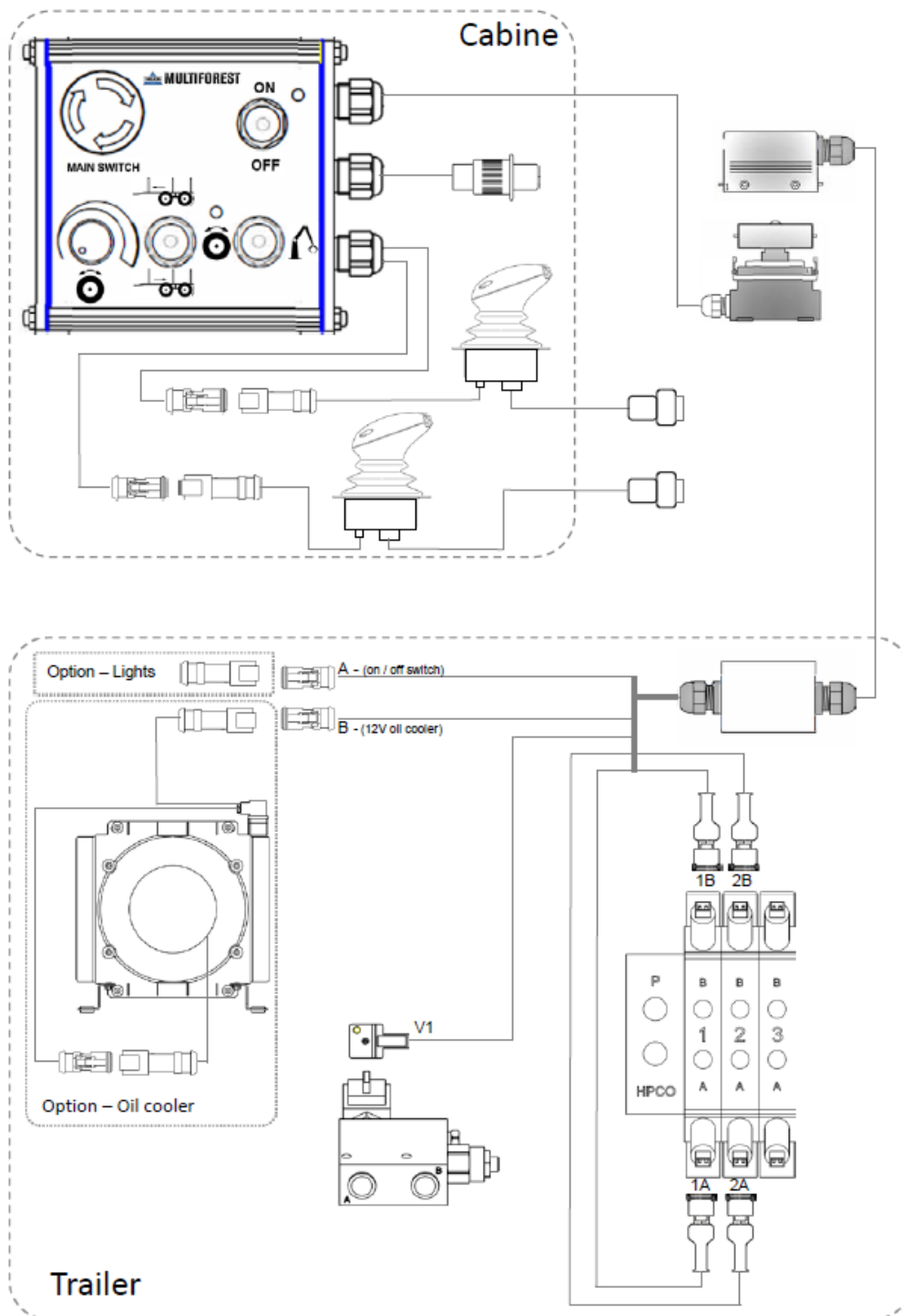
2. The trailer has an onboard hydraulic system

The tractor operates a PTO-driven hydraulic pump. There are two versions: 540 rpm and 1000 rpm. Refer to the marking on the hydraulic pump gear. Suitable speeds are 400-540 rpm and 800-1000 rpm respectively.



On the trailer there is an external hydraulic tank, capacity 120 l. The oil tank has a sticker showing the type of oil it contains.

Electrical connection in



The trailer's electrical system is intended to be connected to +12 V and negative earth. The electrical system consists of two cable trunks and is prepared for two joysticks used to operate the crane.

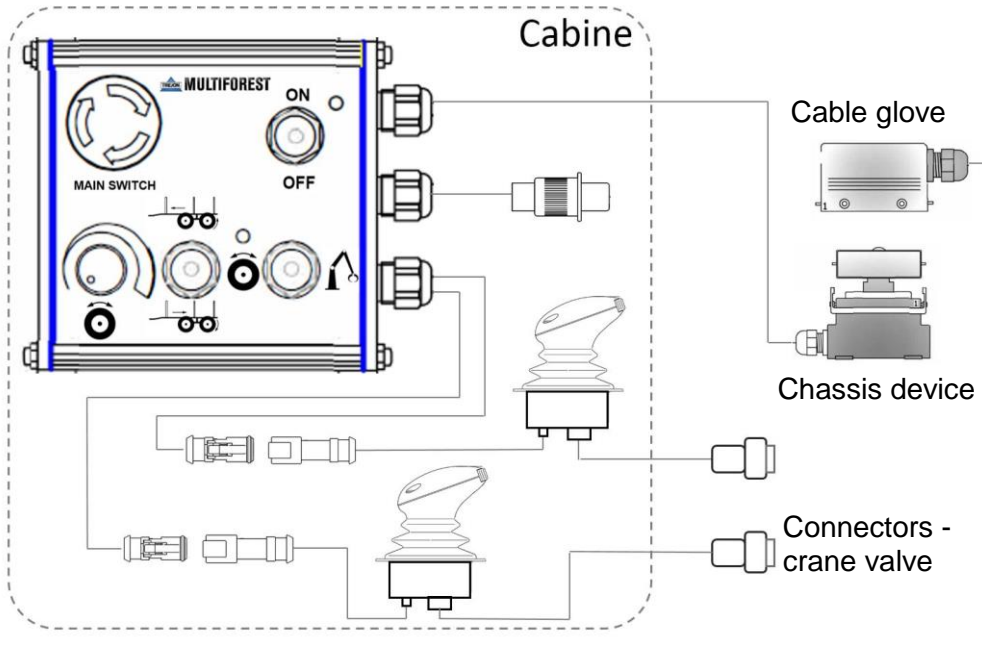
Connector B is a constant 12v and must be connected to the oil cooler's thermostat if used. Connector A is operated from the switch marked ON/OFF and supplies 12 V to, for example, work lighting. Inside the control box there are 10A fuses to protect these outputs.

The connectors are of type Deutsch DT04-2p and DT06-2s. Pin 1 is +12v and pin 2 is -.

Cable trunk for tractor

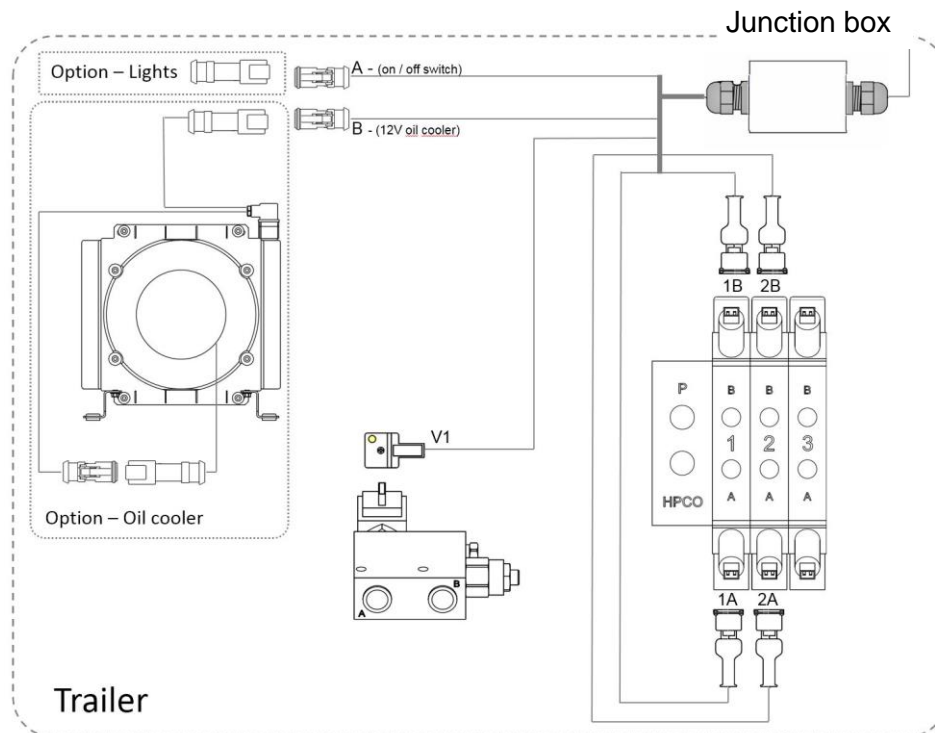
The chassis device is screwed onto the outside of the tractor cab in a protected place and the cables are firmly anchored so that they cannot be pinched.

NOTE! Make sure the correct joystick is connected to the correct cable. If this is NOT done, the previous calibration will NOT match.



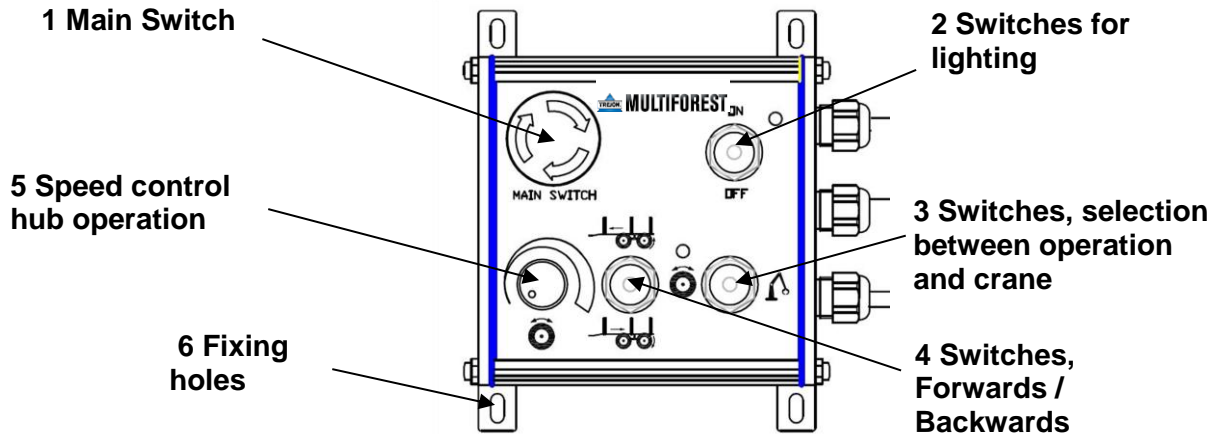
Cable trunk for trailer

Ensure to protect the cables from mechanical impact or direct water pressure



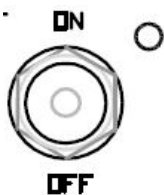
Control box

With the Multiforest control box you can easily select the functions for the crane and trailer. Mount the control box in the tractor cab so that it is secured by attaching it to the four (6) mounting holes.



MAIN SWITCH

1. Activating the control box:
Turn the red main switch clockwise until it "jumps" up. Now the box is activated and can control the trailer and crane functions.



1. Deactivating the control box:
Press the red main switch. Now all the features of the crane and wagon are disconnected. When leaving the tractor, this button must be pressed in.

2. Work light switch (Optional extra)
This switch activates the working lights on the crane. The working light is connected to the connector labelled A. This output is protected with a 10A fuse inside the control box.



3. Switch for selection between trailer operation and crane
Set the switch to drive wheel - to activate the trailer hub operation Green LED lights up. Set the switch to crane - to activate the joystick and operation of crane functions. When this function is selected, it is necessary to wait for 1 second for the joystick to start up. **If you extend the joystick too quickly, it will NOT start up.** Set the switch back to 0 mode, select crane mode, wait 1 sec, and the joystick is ready for use.



4. Switch for selecting Forwards – Neutral – Back
Switch up - the trailer will be driven forward
Switch in centre - operation is in neutral
Switch down - the trailer will be driven backwards



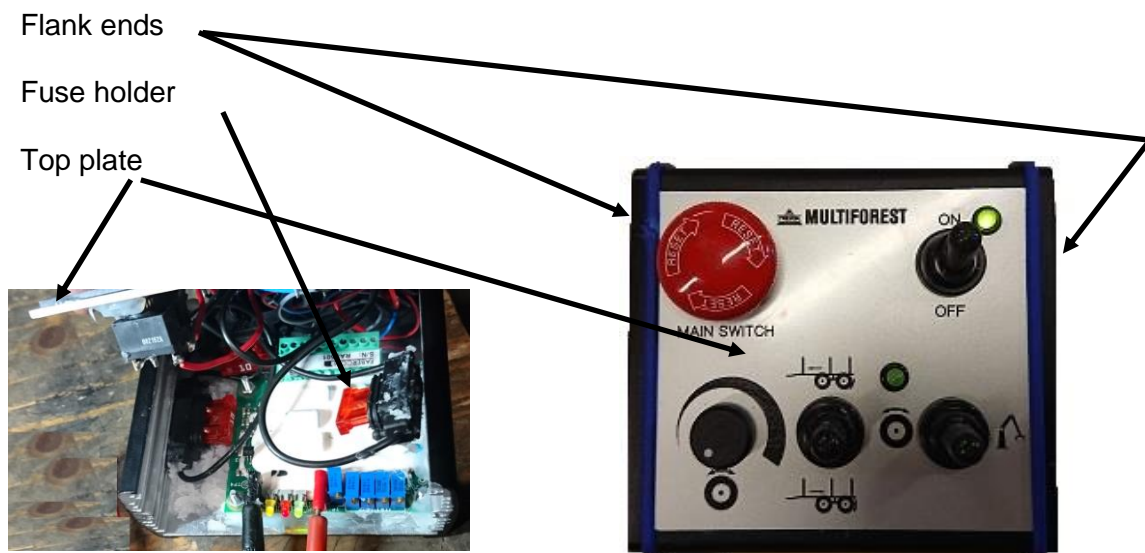
5. Operational speed control
With this knob-potentiometer the trailer speed can be changed when operational mode is connected. Turning the knob clockwise will increase the speed. The speed is also dependent on the hydraulic flow from the tractor/PTO pump. If you want to stop the trailer you should instead use the switch for **Forwards – Neutral – Back** instead.

Changing fuses

To replace these fuses, good technical knowledge is required. If there is uncertainty, please contact the nearest service centre.

To change the fuse, loosen the Torx screws holding both ends in place. To release the top plate, the aluminium profile must be widened, and the top plate lifted. The top plate sits in a groove in the profile.

NOTE! You must NOT pull the top plate sideways, as this will damage the electrical components.

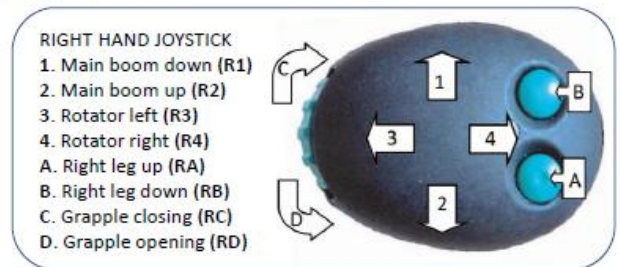
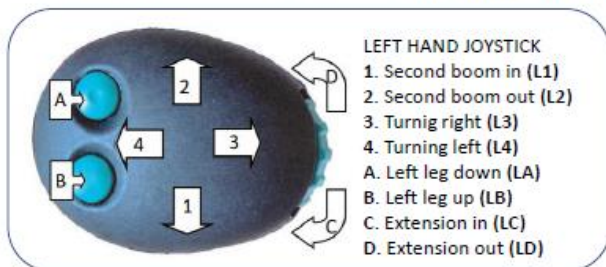
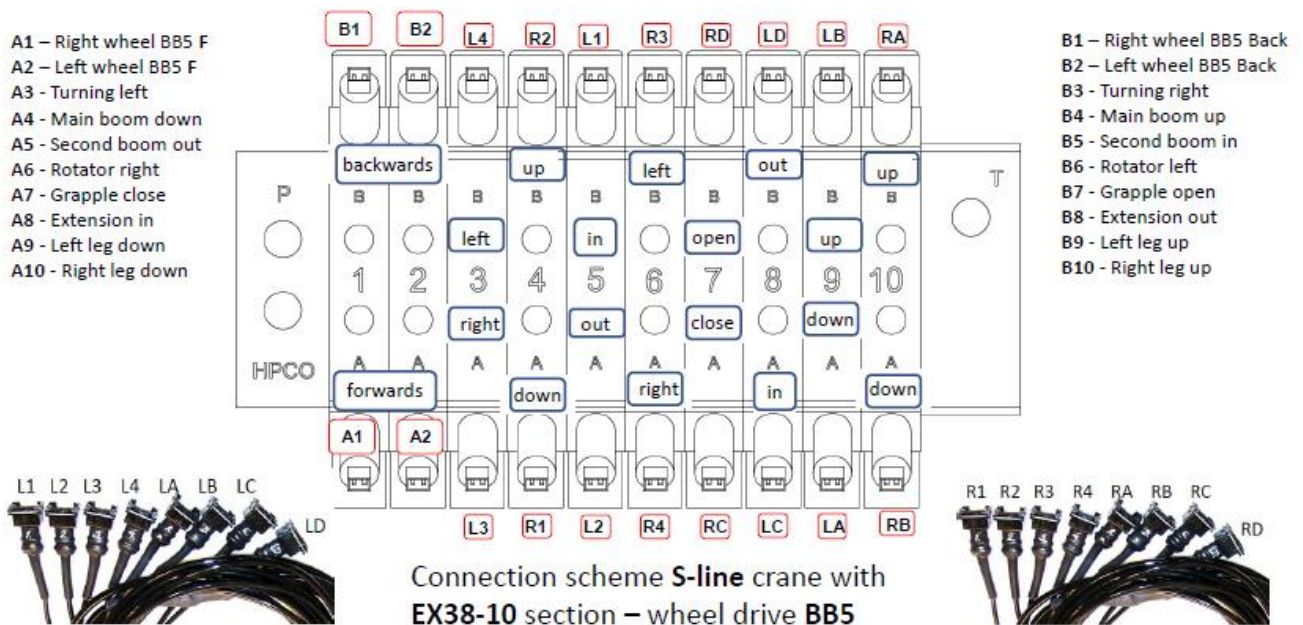


Connecting the ERGO joystick

In cases where the trailer crane is connected to an ERGO-type electric joystick, these valves are also built together with the operational valve. Sections 1 – 2 are for hub operation and sections 3 – 10 are for the crane and its outriggers.

This type of control system requires an individual adjustment of the starting speed and the final speed of the respective hydraulic function. This takes place simultaneously with the start-up of the trailer and is carried out by a person who has sufficient technical knowledge of this calibration. For instructions, refer to the joystick/crane manual.

NOTE: This adjustment does not imply a warranty clause.



Hydraulic diagram, hub operation (for onboard hydraulic system)

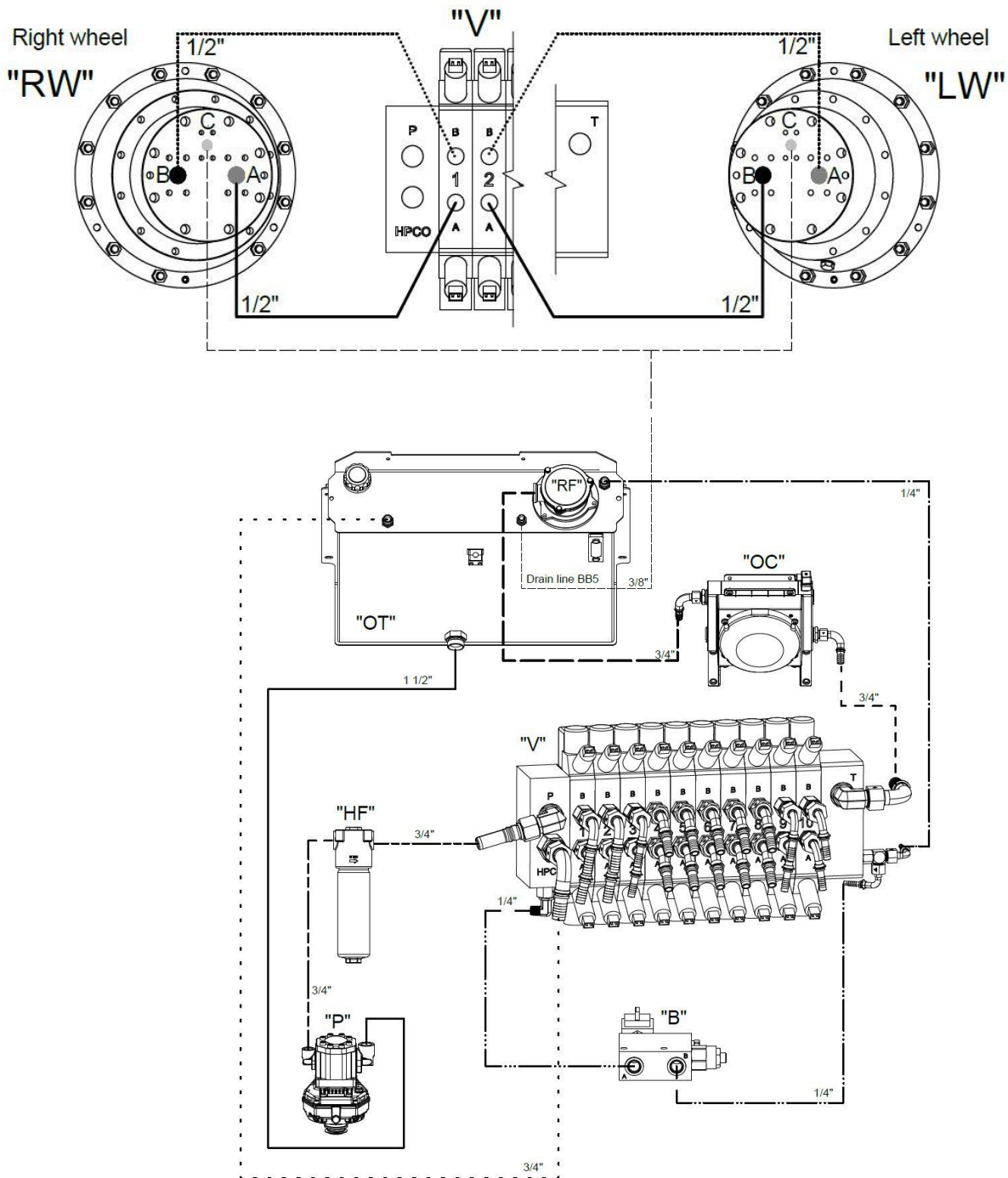
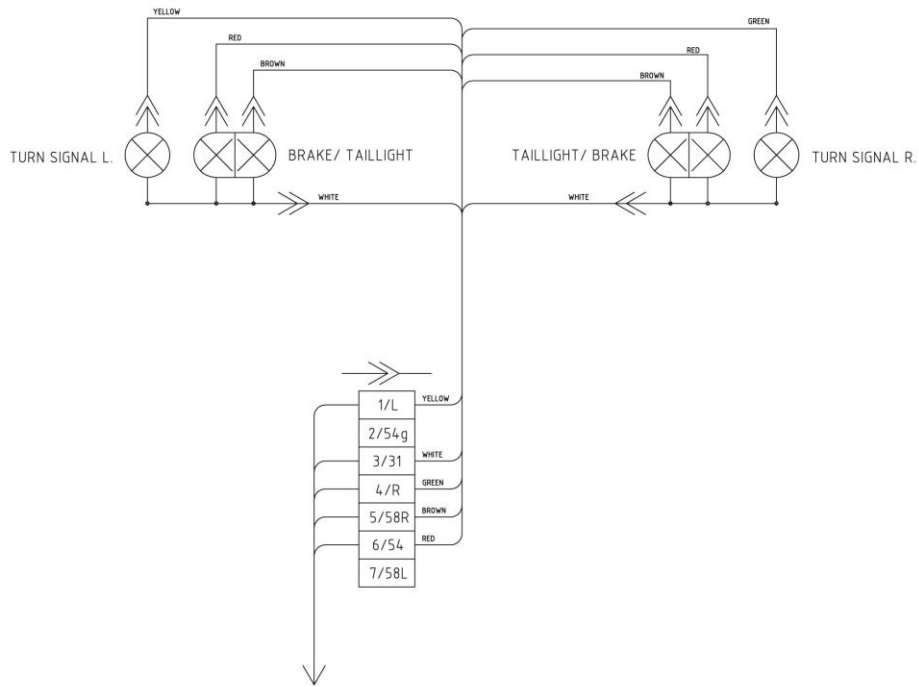


Figure 1

Schematic diagram of the hydraulic system connections.

NOTE! Self-modification of this hydraulic system can cause major damage to its components and is NOT COVERED BY WARRANTY!

5.3 Wiring diagram, lighting



6 Spare Parts

6.1 Use original spare parts

You are faced with the choice of “original” and “copy”!

The choice often depends on the price. A “cheap” purchase can often end up being expensive.

Some reasons for choosing TREJON's original spare parts:

- Quality and fit
- Reliable function
- Longer life and thereby better economy
- Guaranteed availability through TREJON's sales partners

TREJON original spare parts and accessories are designed especially for these machines. The fitting and/or use of non-original spare parts and accessories can negatively change the technical features of your machine. The manufacturer's warranty will not apply to any damage caused using non-original spare parts or accessories.

The warranty does not apply to arbitrary modifications that have been made to the machine.



Get in touch with the dealership where you bought your machine when ordering spares or other service.

When ordering spares, always specify the correct model, type and serial number found on the name plate on the chassis.



EC certificate of conformity

according to EC standard 2006/42/EC

We **TREJON FÖRSÄLJNING AB**
 (tenderer's name).....

SE-911 35 Vännäsby, Företagsvägen 9

(Full Company Address - In case of affiliated partners with registered office within the EC, the manufacturer's company name and address are also stated)

declare with sole responsibility that the following product,

Forestry trailer

MF120-S, MF1602, MF1802

(make, type)

for which this certificate applies, complies with the current basic safety and health protection regulations in accordance with EC Standard 2006/42 / EC,
 (if applicable)

and also meets the requirements of other applicable EC standards.

— — —

.....
 (title and / or number and publication date of other EC standards)

(if applicable)

The following standard(s) and/or technical specification(s) have provided the basis for the professional introduction of the safety and health regulations set out in the EC standards:

EN ISO 12100-1: 2010 EN ISO 12100-2: 2010

(title and/or number as well as publication date of standard(s) and/or technical specification(s))



Henrik Johansson
CEO

Vännäsby, 1/3/2018

 Issued (place/date)

.....
 (Name, position and signature of authorised employee)

Guarantee- /assignment certificate

- Guarantee terms** - Valid between retailer (Trejon AB dealer) and machine purchaser.
- General about guarantee** - In order to obtain valid guarantee terms set forth below, and the specific guarantee terms set by each provider. These are attached to the user manual for each machine, as appropriate.
- Validity of guarantee** - The guarantee is 12 months from date of purchase.
In some cases, the guarantee can be limited by running time.
- The guarantee covers** - Damaged parts, which have broken down because of defective production operations of materials in course of normal use of the machine.
- Only the labor cost for replacement of defective warranted part.
- The guarantee does not cover** - Transport costs applicable to the machine or the parts.
- Travel costs.
- Any resulting costs incurred as a result of damage to the machine.
- If the machine has been modified by the owner.
- Damage due to normal wear and tear of the machine – Not related to manufacturing defects, poor service, user inexperience or use of spare parts that are not original.
- Excessive or inappropriate use of the machine.
- The guarantee is not applicable to parts which are subject to wear, for example hoses, sealing, oil, belts, batteries, chains, knives etc.
- The guarantee period for replaced parts during the guarantee period expires with the machine's guarantee.
- Normal adjustments, maintenance or supervision
- Guarantee procedures** - Contact place of purchase as soon as any damage or malfunction is detected.
Do not use the machine if the damage can be worse.
- Guarantee repairs must be performed by Trejon AB approved workshop.

ATTENTION! The guarantee shall enter into force provided that the machine **GUARANTEE/ ASSIGNMENT CERTIFICATE** has been fully completed and signed by both parties (archived by the seller), and recorded on the Trejon web portal no later than 14 days from date of sale (the seller is responsible for this happening).

Assignment certificate:

Machine Buyer shall confirm with his signature that he had received manual containing operating instructions, and received information about the operating, security and maintenance requirements described in this and made the final inspection of the machine.

PLEASE FILL IN!



Product: _____	Serialno. _____
Salesman: _____	Company: _____
Signature of salesman: _____	Date of purchase: _____
Name of buyer: _____	Telephone: _____
E-mail: _____	
Address: _____	Zipcode: _____
City: _____	Country: _____
Date: _____	Signature of buyer: _____

TREJON AB reserves the right to modify or improve shown models with technical or commercial motivations without the requirement to carry out the same modifications on machines already delivered. Illustrations in this Instruction Manual do not necessarily show the machine that has been delivered.

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